

Lyman M. Law does not constitute an overt act, according to the president's view. It was halted in the Mediterranean by a submarine and the crew apparently allowed to leave in life-boats.

Desires to Secure Safety.

Administration officials said again today that the president may not continue to await a single overt act, but may decide to go before congress and propose further action against Germany on the basis of cumulative evidence that American rights are being denied in the submarine war zone.

Even such action, however, may be delayed for some time because the president desires to obtain the release of the American sailors in Germany and to allow Americans in all the territory of the Teutonic alliance to leave before trouble develops.

Deemed in Germany at the present time are the seventy-two American sailors captured on the Yarrowdale and a number of American citizens of the United States who have been unable to get permission to leave.

In the confines of Austria there are, perhaps, another hundred Americans held in prison camps by Turkish authorities at Jaffa, Jerusalem, and other cities of Asia Minor are more than 1,000 American missionaries and relief workers.

Cannot Hear from Turkey.

What is happening, or has happened, to these people, particularly those in Asia Minor, the severance of diplomatic relations between the United States and Germany is an outrage to American officials. Since Feb. 5, when Count von Bernstorff was handed his passport and Ambassador Gerard was recalled, all communication between the state department and the United States Ambassador Elkins at Constantinople has been cut off.

Formerly, when such lapses have occurred, or when the Ottoman government has shown a disregard for the demands of the United States respecting the safety of its citizens, Turkey's ministry, the state department was able to get action by persuading the German government to bring pressure to bear on it.

Mission Workers Detained.

Shortly before the break with Germany, the American government proposed to round up all the American missionaries into detention camps. These missionaries had been particularly active in trying to aid the thousands of Christianized Turks whom the port authorities had deported and were refusing to feed.

When it was learned that the Americans had been rounded up the United States government demanded their release. Ultimately it was necessary to bring pressure to bear through Berlin, and it was finally agreed that America would be allowed to take on board several ships to Beirut to bring the Americans and bring them back to this country.

The cruiser *Dog Moths* and the collier *Cassar* were en route for Beirut when the break with Germany occurred. Since then they have been waiting, at Alexandria, Egypt, under orders not to proceed to Beirut until it can be ascertained that the American refugees are there and will be allowed to leave.

AMERICAN GIRL FIGURES IN SPY SEARCH IN PARIS

Extractions of the American citizen involved in the shooting arrest as a "hostile spy" while in the war zone were relayed by Miss J. L. Burroughs at the annual luncheon of the Chicago Culture club at the Hotel La Salle yesterday.

"We were well treated in Paris and through Italy," she told the 400 members of the organization, "but sometimes the police were unkindly." One night in Paris I answered an imperative knock to find several policemen demanding if I had a man in my room.

"I told them to look. They searched under the bed, under chitteren, in closets, behind trucks, and under ashstands. Then they smilingly and apologetically retired."

The speakers were Mrs. George Davis of the Daughters of Indiana society, Mrs. J. Steele, president of the Arch club, and Mrs. Hall, president. Mrs. Carlton C. Fickett, president of the club, received assistance by Mrs. E. H. Hamilton, Mrs. R. Brydon, and Mrs. Owen Leslie Rea.

AUSTRIA FEARS BREAK WITH U.S. IS INEVITABLE

Insists This Nation Must Find Remedy for the Present Status.

LONDON, Feb. 14.—The following statement from Vienna regarding the relations of Austria-Hungary and the United States was issued in the General Anzeiger of Dusseldorf:

"Negotiations have been taking place between Count Czernin (Austro-Hungarian minister of foreign affairs) and Frederic C. Penfield (the American ambassador at Vienna) since the rupture of relations between the United States and Germany, on the question of the future relations between the United States and Austria-Hungary, in view of the fact that Austria-Hungary associated herself with Germany's declaration of intensified submarine warfare.

Hope to Prevent Break.

"On the American side a desire has been shown to avoid a rupture with Austria-Hungary because Washington shrinks from severing all relations with the central powers. Berlin, too, would prefer that this last bridge be left unbroken.

"The opinion prevails in Vienna and Berlin that the decision to embark upon an intensified submarine warfare did not constitute an action which should have forced the United States to such a policy as has been chosen by Washington towards Germany. The central powers have no intention of canceling the new submarine warfare, especially in view of the impossibility of submarine fighting, whether there are any Americans on board torpedoed vessels. No concessions could be made to the United States which would negative the nature of the new submarine warfare, not even for the sake of the highly valued friendship of the United States.

America Must Find Way.

"It therefore remains with America to find means which will put the maintenance of friendly relations, according to the American conception, between America and the dual monarchy, even with the continuance of intensified submarine warfare.

"The negotiations between the Austro-Hungarian foreign office and the American ambassador have up to now led to no result, but a negative or positive settlement may be reached in a few days. Count Czernin, the Austrian-Hungarian ambassador to the United States, has not presented his credentials, but he already had a conversation with Secretary of State Lansing."

BADGER HOUSE HITS SCANT GARB OF 'PROM' GIRLS WITH FILIBUSTER

Madison, Wis., Feb. 14.—[Special.] The whole question of the junior promenade, the greatest social function of the university year, may be made the subject of legislative inquiry.

Assemblyman O. P. Peeler of Dunn county offered a resolution today asking that the salaries of teachers and professors who took part in the affair be reduced to \$500 a year.

The resolution characterizes the prom as a scene of splendor, in which "the charms of the Creator's most perfect creation—woman—were shown in their natural state without being diminished to any marked extent by any uses wearing apparel."

The speakers were Mrs. George Davis of the Daughters of Indiana society, Mrs. J. Steele, president of the Arch club, and Mrs. Hall, president.

Mrs. Carlton C. Fickett, president of the club, received assistance by Mrs. E. H. Hamilton, Mrs. R. Brydon, and Mrs. Owen Leslie Rea.

STEPS IN SUBMARINE CRISIS

Events Which Have Increased Tension of German-American Crisis Since Ruthless War Began.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 14.—Following are the incidents, in connection with the submarine warfare and with the break between the United States and Germany which indicate that a cumulation of affronts, even though they include no overt act, are bringing the affairs of the two countries to a crisis:

FEB. 3.—The American ship *Housatonic* was sunk. It was warned and the crew towed by the submarine for two hours when a British patrol boat appeared.

FEB. 5.—The British steamer *Eavestone* was sunk without warning. Four persons were killed, including Richard Wallace, a Baltimore Negro.

FEB. 7.—The Anchor liner *California* was sunk without warning and several killed, including the O'Donnell children of Philadelphia. These two children, under American law, were regarded as American citizens, having been born in the United States, even if their parents were not naturalized.

FEB. 8.—The steamer *Mantola* was sunk without warning. Dr. E. M. Rice, an American citizen of Portland, Ore., was the ship's surgeon. He escaped.

FEB. 9.—Steamer *Turin* sunk without warning and a Negro, George Washington, killed. At first it was thought Washington was an American. Later it was reported he was a Canadian citizen.

FEB. 10.—The Japanese Prince was sunk without warning. A number of American hostlers were on it. All escaped with their lives, though their escape was not the result of any vigilance on Germany's part.

FEB. 14.—American schooner Lyman M. Law sunk in the Mediterranean by submarine.

In addition to these facts, directly connected with the submarine warfare, the administration has been greatly disturbed by the general attitude of Germany towards the United States. Here are some of the significant developments:

Germany's failure to accede to the request of the United States for the release of Americans who were made prisoners by the German raider in the south Atlantic and sent to Germany on the *Yarrowdale*. Germany at first practically agreed to release them. They have not been freed yet.

This country has now sent a new demand for their release.

The enforced detention of Ambassador Gerard and a number of Americans in Berlin after the severing of diplomatic relations.

In addition to detaining Mr. Gerard against his will, Germany attempted to coerce him into signing a reaffirmation of the treaty of 1828 between the United States and Germany.

At no time has Germany indicated any intention of letting up in her ruthless submarine warfare.

An attempt, credited to German agents, was made to start a propaganda in the United States to convince the American people she was willing to negotiate the differences between the two countries.

President Wilson exposed the nature of this German propaganda, from his viewpoint.

Administration officials appear to believe that it is only a question of hours, or days, until Germany commits an overt act. Germany at no time has indicated any intention of yielding to the demand of the United States, they say, but ever since the rupture has continued to embarrass the administration.

The detention of Mr. Gerard and the American citizens against whom the United States, in the view of the administration, was almost tantamount to a declaration of war, although informal explanations were offered through the press later and Mr. Gerard and the Americans allowed to depart.

The negotiations between the Austro-Hungarian foreign office and the American ambassador have up to now led to no result, but a negative or positive settlement may be reached in a few days.

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CUBA TOLD U.S. WILL TOLERATE NO REVOLUTION

Spread of Trouble Causes
Lansing to Cable a
New Warning.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 14.—Reports of the spread of the Liberal revolt in Cuba aroused such apprehension here today that Secretary Lansing cables a second warning to the people of the republic that the United States would not regard as legal any government set up by violence.

The message went to Minister Gonzales at Havana and to every American consul to be circulated all over the island.

Mr. Lansing pointed out the responsibility of the United States in connection with Cuba and intimated very clearly that revolution was not to be tolerated.

Military Kept Informed.

Minister Gonzales' reports of the growth of the revolt were submitted by the state department to the secretaries of war and navy as promptly as they were received. In neither of the military departments was there indication that any warlike move was being prepared in connection with the situation, but because of the experience gained in two previous interventions military operations could be inaugurated in brief time without much research study of plans.

Secretary Baker announced that with the approach of the president a deal had been made with the rebels for the delivery of 10,000 army rifles and 2,000,000 rounds of ammunition to the Cuban government. Negotiations for the purchase had been in progress for several months.

The president is authorized by statute to approve the sale of arms and ammunition to Cuba, whose soldiers are the only ones in the world other than American who have used the United States army Springfield rifle. Shipment of the guns and ammunition will be hastened, as they will be needed by President Menocal to arm his volunteers.

CUBA ORGANIZES ARMY.
HAVANA, Feb. 14.—A presidential decree has just been issued authorizing the formation of many military companies as is necessary in each military district.

The government tonight claimed a victory in the elections held today at Las Villas by great majority. Everything seemed to go off smoothly.

The following statement was issued to the press at the palace at 9 o'clock this evening:

"Interest has centered today on the by-election held in Santa Clara province, which, from reports, could not have been more peaceful. Advance information indicates a decisive victory for the candidates of the Liberal party, which polled, in great numbers and with the utmost enthusiasm to the polls. Official reports from Maj. Iglesias and Capt. La Madrid, Hernandez, and Jimenez, and Lieut. Fundora, all operators in Santa Clara, show that several bands of the outlaws were defeated and dispersed during the night, with losses of 400 men, including 100 captured prisoners. This brings the total losses of the insurgents since Sunday up to forty-eight men killed and six made prisoner. A great many horses and much equipment have been taken."

Santiago Harbor Mined.

SANTIAGO, Cuba, Feb. 14.—By order of the military commander of Santiago the entrance of the harbor has been mined. All ships entering this port are requested to take on a pilot as soon as they reach Cuban waters. This order, it is explained, has been issued for protection.

The military governor of Santiago, Maj. Loret de Mola, made the following statement tonight with reference to the revolutionary movement:

"The forces in arms are against the rule of President Menocal, who, failing to respect the constitution of Cuba, is utilizing the army for the purpose of obtaining his reelection. He has violated the law and maintained order and that the conditions not to elect one party or another. The army is neither Liberal nor Conservative."

**BRITISH TAKE
COAL MINES**

LONDON, Feb. 14.—The board of trade will take possession of the coal mines throughout the kingdom for the duration of the war, according to an announcement made today. It will create a new department for the administration of the mines, headed by Guy Calvert, now general manager of the London and Northwestern railway, as controller.

Held in Saloon Law Violator.
Henry Hofman, a saloonkeeper at 825 West Sixty-ninth street, and three men and three women were arrested at 2 o'clock yesterday in the law office charged with violating the 1 o'clock closing law.

Regular Price \$155.00 \$74.00
Sale Price \$325.00 \$59.00
65.00 29.00
80.00 39.00
30.00 12.50
75.00 37.00
60.00 29.00
95.00 49.00
80.00 39.00
250.00 89.00
22.00 11.00
65.00 34.00
40.00 19.00
110.00 49.00

1857 1917
DUNLAP & CO.
Celebrated Hats

Spring Styles
Now on Display
Dunlap & Co.
22 So. Michigan Ave.

February 15 Number now on sale. All news-stands—
10 cents

This Woman Is Accused of Wedding Iowan, and This Man, Although Her Husband, Is Said to Have Acted as Best Man.

BIGAMIST?

**FOUR AMERICANS
HELD IN MEXICO;
RANSOM ASKED?**

Villa Band Occupies a Ranch Near Scene of Late Raid.

El Paso, Tex., Feb. 14.—Jose Ynez Salazar, with his Villa command, occupied Ojitos, an American owned cattle ranch in Mexico, forty-five miles southwest of the Colorado border, yesterday.

One American woman was being held there for ransom, and three American Mormon cowboys who were captured during the raid on the Corner ranch also are believed to be held for large ransoms at Ojitos, while American troops tonight patrolled the border in the "Jog" to prevent a repetition of Mexican border raids.

These were the developments in the newest Mexican border situation today.

Take Negro in Mexico.

Following the raid on the Corner ranch yesterday, which is located on the American side of the boundary sixty miles southeast of Hatchita, N. M., Salazar's prisoners nine Mexican cowboys and windmill tenders, together with "Bunk" Spencer, the American Negro who is employed by the W. K. Warren & Sons, according to reports received here late today. No one was killed when Salazar occupied Ojitos according to these telegrams received by American cattlemen.

The governments recall the usually strict rules on naval blockade, namely, that a neutral ship cannot be captured if it is not making any attempt to violate the blockade, and that, in the event of a ship being captured, it must be brought before a prize court in conformity with the general regulations.

Demands Right of Passage.

The note affirms that no belligerent has the right to prohibit peaceful navigation through zones the limits of which are distant from enemy coasts which could be blockaded only in legitimate manner.

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Grave Peril to Neutrals.

The governments declare their anxiety in regard to the measures which have been announced is aggravated further by the fact that the zone declared dangerous will, it appears, be watched exclusively by submarine, whose activity involves greater danger for neutrals' subjects, as has been shown by experience on various occasions in the course of the war.

Caught Yankees in Mexico?

JUAREZ, Mexico, Feb. 14.—The four American cowboys captured by Mexican rebels below Hatchita, N. M., on the Mexican side of the line when caught and their captors at no time crossed into American territory, according to a report received late today by Andrew Garcia, inspector general of Mexican consulates, from an agent sent to investigate.

Report Americans Killed.

CORNER RANCH, N. M., Feb. 14.—By Courier to Hatchita, N. M.—An American Negro, residing at Ojitos, Mexico, arrived today on the American side and reported that he had been stopped by a band of Mexican rebels who said they had fought with and killed three Americans near the border last Monday night. They described the Americans as cowboys.

**GERMANS SELL
COAL INTERESTS**

BERLIN, Feb. 14, via London, Feb. 15, 1:15 a. m.—German credit abroad has been strengthened by about \$7,000,000 through the purchase by a Paris syndicate, said to be identified with the Bethlehem Steel company, of German interests in the Lehigh Valley Coal company. It was announced here. The Deutsche bank is said to have negotiated the contract from this end. In addition to the strengthening of German credit abroad the deal is declared to have resulted in a profitable turnover for a snug sum on the basis of the present exchange rate.

**Order Bridges Guarded;
German Crisis Cause**

HARBORMASTER ADAM H. WECKLER yesterday directed all bridgekeepers, harbor police, and assistant harbormasters to take every precaution, especially at night, to guard the bridges and docks from damage at the hands of war fanatics.

Germany Takes Roumanian Grain.

BERLIN, Feb. 14.—(By wireless to Sayville.)—The Prussian cabinet has resolved to appoint a special commissary for alimentation during the period of the war, the Overseas News agency says. This commissary will have the rank of a minister and will work in close cooperation with the German war office.

Food Commissary for Prussia.

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All moving picture houses were closed

tonight and from now on the theaters must conclude their performances at 9 o'clock, restaurants must close at 10 o'clock, and cafés at 11 o'clock. These regulations are due to the fact that the municipal power plants have been unable to procure coal, because traffic has been tied up by the heavy snowfall.

The coal supply for the poor is being administered by the military authorities, working under the personal supervision of Emperor Charles, who shows a keen interest in relief work.

Approximately 1,500,000 valentines were sent and received by Chicagoans yesterday, according to an estimate made by the postoffice department of delivery.

**Chicago Sends, Receives
1,500,000 Valentines**

John Burns, 75 years old, a civil war veteran, was recruited to enlist at the recruiting station, 826 South State street. THE TRIBUNE printed the story. Yesterday a message came from Head, Neb., asking for information concerning Burns.

The message stated that a John Burns disappeared twenty years ago.

"Please try and find him," the letter read. "He apparently is my uncle and was lost to us twenty years ago." It was signed by J. Burns.

The recruiting station had not obtained Burns' address, and he could not be found.

Overcoats and suits now reduced to \$18

SUITS of the finest fabrics, in blues, grays,

greens; stripes and silk mixtures. In

extra sizes, in regular sizes; young men's

sack and belt styles. Great values.

Overcoats of extremely good fabrics, silk lined and silk yoke; ulsters, dress overcoats, form-fitting or loose styles, single and double breasted styles.

These suits and overcoats \$18

HART SCHAFFNER & MARX suits and overcoats from the extra yardage of the special order lines. Their choicest fabrics, foreign and domestic, tailored in their perfect way, on the 1917 models; priced for generous savings.

At \$20, at \$25, at \$30

**Hart Schaffner & Marx Tuxedo
suits now \$21**

THESE are \$30, \$32.50, \$35 suits; they were priced low enough at

first; the present price is for clearance purposes. The best \$21

of materials, silk linings, fine tailoring. Save money; now at \$21

Maurice L. Rothschild

Good clothes; nothing else.

Southwest corner Jackson and State

Chicago Minneapolis St. Paul

Union Pacific

14 West 31st Street NEW YORK

LIFE

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The Chicago Tribune.

THE WORLD'S GREATEST NEWSPAPER

FOUNDED JUNE 16, 1865.

ENTERED AS SECOND CLASS MATTER JUNE 16, 1865, AT THE POSTOFFICE AT CHICAGO, ILL., UNDER ACT OF MARCH 3, 1879.

All unsolicited articles, manuscripts, letters, and pictures sent to "The Tribune" are sent at the owner's risk, and the Tribune company expressly repudiates any liability or responsibility for their safe custody or return.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 15, 1917.

"Our Country! In her intercourse with foreign nations may she always be in the right; but our country, right or wrong."

—Stephen Decatur.

LEADERSHIP IN DEFENSE LEGISLATION.

It was largely through the pluck and persistence of one man, Representative Britton of the Ninth district, that the house has passed a naval appropriation bill which is a fair response to our needs. Britton was not to be suppressed by specious criticism or abuse, but fought openly and determinedly for what he and the experts believed was necessary in this crisis. The impact of his facts and his purpose counted, and with the support given him a measure was passed which will materially strengthen our naval defense.

Will not some man do the same for army legislation? The military affairs committee is a body inferior to the naval affairs committee, and is dominated by the traditions of the little army men and bureaucratic notions. But there may be some member—we wish it might be the Illinois member, McKenzie—who has enough character and sense of responsibility to lead a fight for an adequate measure. If there is no such man in the military affairs committee, we must pray for an aggressive leader in the body of the house. Representative Frear of Wisconsin fought the pork barrel before he became a member of the rivers and harbors committee, and while he was never able to beat the bill in the lower chamber he opened such a fire upon it that the press waked up throughout the country, and in the senate much better results were obtained.

We have seen what the attitude of the military affairs committee is in its refusal to increase the professional directing body of the army, the general staff, in spite of the request of the secretary of war and of the obvious needs of the situation. We learn that other important requests of the secretary have been cut out of the army bill. We know, in fact, that the military affairs committee will not report a measure that is not grossly inadequate, and the house leaders must face the responsibility of providing competently for our defense over the heads of a committee which has proved its unfitness and ought to be discharged.

This is no time for respecting conventionalities. It is a time of the gravest national responsibility. Any day may bring a decision to enter into the world war, in spite of our pacific intent. We are literally surrounded by international difficulties and complications which cannot be talked out of existence. The consciousness of our responsibilities, our dangers, and our long neglected needs of defense is spreading widely throughout the nation, and congress cannot afford to shirk. Leadership is expected and will be rewarded. In the Senate there is an awakened sense of the situation. The house lags behind, but there are men in the house who are not ignorant or blind, men who can fight for energetic action to meet our critical situation. They will have the strongest support from the strongest newspapers and from the great mass of the American people, which is not represented by hysterical committees scurrying to Washington with their petitions, but remains at home, expecting congress to do its duty by the nation.

BRYAN IS ADVERTISING.

Ald. Bryan seems to have done something unusual in his habit and alien to his custom. "He seems to have spent some money for the privilege of saying what he thought. Hitherto publicity has been a moneymaker for W. J. B., not an expense."

Ald. Bryan, excited pacifist, is crying out against war, no matter whether it can be prevented, or what the consequences of prevention or a divided nation may be. We do not know the full of his activities in this direction. There is an intimation that he almost overthrew the purposes of the government again, just as he almost did when he told Dumba that the American note on the Lusitania had a Pickwickian significance.

Ald. Bryan again seems to be in an endeavor to tell Germany that the United States does not mean what it says. There may be two ways of thinking regarding the saying of a thing, but when it is said there can be only one way of thinking. Right or wrong, it has been said. The United States government has made a decision. Whether that decision was right or wrong is of no consequence now. It has been made.

Ald. Bryan, not conceding this truth, has been trying to undermine the government in the face of war—a Mexican trick. Whatever his intrigues with German representatives may have been, whatever his efforts to create the impression that the United States again was talking loud and lying low, he is out in the open with advertisements in the newspapers calling upon the people to override their government at a moment of foreign crisis.

The TRIBUNE considered the propriety of printing his advertisement, and concluded that while peace still reigns we could not close the world's greatest avenue of publicity.

If Henry Ford's money is back of this advertisement we will pay THE TRIBUNE's share of it to the Navy league, as we did before, but if Bryan himself pays for the advertisement we will frame the money as a curiosity.

WE ARE REBUKED.

On this page is published some fraternal comment by our neighbor, the Nashville Tennessean, upon an editorial in THE TRIBUNE. We admire our critic's style as much as the reason which shines through it upon our benighted state. Especially we are pleased with the assurance of all round competence of congress, including, of course, Mr. McKellar of Tennessee, who voted against the increase of the general staff.

One of the things that makes us the greatest nation on earth and able to lick all creation is the readiness with which a considerable number of our citizens accept "as a general proposition that congress knows its business"—and that the experts whom the committees overrule do not know their business.

The men who have studied our military needs want a general staff large enough to handle the problem of the national defense. But why listen to me?

to them when the omniscient individual from Nashville or Hay Corners wags his Olympian jaw? The way for the United States to prosper and progress is to have lawyers decide military questions, newspaper men run the navy, and pork hunters run the finances. When every professional opinion is barred and every windbag has an office, our greatness will be at its zenith and the Democratic party will remain in office forever.

CUBA AND MEXICO.

With regard to Cuba the United States has a practical, rational policy. It asserts that Cuba shall be orderly. If the native government can maintain order and if the Cubans will accept the government the United States is satisfied, but behind the native endeavor is the American guarantee.

The Cubans would not be selected as particularly fit for self-government. They are no more fitted for it than the Mexicans. There are more potentialities of disorder in Cuba than there are in Mexico. The corrective is the United States. The difference between Cuba and Mexico is not an essential difference. The difference is one of American policy. We operate in one fashion upon Cuban conditions and in another fashion upon Mexican conditions.

Americans might ask themselves which American policy meets the test of humanity as well as of American interest. Cubans got us into war before we had decided to supervise political affairs on the island. It is unlikely that Cuba will get us into another war soon. Unless some astonishing change takes place in American policy Cuban revolutionaries will not be allowed to appeal from ballots to bullets. Consequently Cuba will continue to learn that the ballot is the instrument for the correction of grievances.

Mexico is a source of danger because we will not apply there the ideas which we have applied in Cuba and the Caribbean countries.

Mexico made the United States mobilize all Americans who had rifles and uniforms. The only result of our operations was the exodus of several thousand Mexicans who had to follow Pershing because their homes no longer were safe for them.

Mexico is now so disordered that it may be necessary for the British and French to land marines to protect the oil properties of the Tampico fields. A report from Washington says that the administration would not object to this if it were merely for the protection of property.

If European nations have to land troops in Mexico for the protection of property after two expensive American expeditions have been sent in fruitlessly to get order we shall be shamed by the consequences of dangerous and ineffective methods.

SUPPORTING THE CONSTITUTION.

Ald. Kennedy does not like an editorial in THE TRIBUNE suggesting his expulsion from the council if he made certain remarks ascribed to him in the report of a public meeting addressed by him. He declares the editorial omitted a part of his remarks which altered their sense and made them appear inflammatory instead of pacific.

The editorial omitted nothing in the remarks as reported. It declared that if Ald. Kennedy's remarks were as quoted by the newspaper reporting them he ought to be expelled. Ald. Kennedy's remarks as he himself quotes them are less offensive than those ascribed to him, but he does not cover the case against him. If he did not threaten a violent revolution in case of war, he was reported to have said: "Make such an overwhelming protest to war office officials that they will know that if they go to war they go alone—we won't follow them." He has not denied these words.

The constitution of the United States vests in congress the authority to declare war and the right to raise and maintain armies. If Ald. Kennedy announces that he will not obey and urges other citizens not to obey the highest authority of the nation he is counseling rebellion. He is not supporting the constitution as he swore to do when he entered the city council. He is not proposing to alter it by lawful democratic processes of the vote. If he said anything approximate to the sentence quoted or if the tendency of his speech was to bring his hearers to the position or into the spirit it expressed, then he was false to his oath and to his citizenship in this republic.

Ald. Kennedy evidently talked a good deal about the "ruling class." This is a part of the revolutionary jargon and used at such a time as this is seditious and demoralizing. Moreover, it is rank twaddle. What is the ruling class in this country? Last September the leaders of trade unions numbering about 1,300,000 of the population of the United States forced congress to pass a law for their benefit. Is that a ruling class or not?

The law was opposed by capitalists throughout the country. Ald. Kennedy employs the current pacifists' cant about the munition makers' alleged influence for war. Yet this alleged influence has not been able, if it has tried, to induce congress to raise an army large enough to defend a quarter of our border or to equip it or our national guard with necessary artillery or to keep our navy from retrograding to the fourth rank in the world. As a ruling class it is a sorry failure.

Ald. Kennedy talks the language of the irresponsible demagogue, using the catch phrases of unscrupulous agitation. That is his privilege as a private citizen in this land of the free. But as a public official he is bound by his oath of office and if he uses his influence contrary to its terms he should be retired to private life by the shortest possible route. Ald. Kennedy's duty as a private citizen is to obey the laws, and as a public officer to support them.

COMMERCIAL CANDOR from a music house:

This new, genuine machine in your home with 10 D. F. records."

AS lip-synthes draw up to the Boul curbs police men pour profanity on the chauffeurs, and sometimes curse the women passengers. Street car conductors are sullen or abusive, as they chance to feel. Chicago's manners are the worst in the world.

ILL.

(From the Holland, Mich. Sentinel.)

Prin. C. E. Drew of the high school is confined to his home, 320 Maple avenue, with an attack of quinsy.

"GREEN Blast," "German Blasie," "Mexico Blast"—Contiguous headlines.

Synonyms are so scarce in this world of ours.

WOODROW'S PRAYER.

Ye powers, over an overt act,

(An overt act is my aversion),

And to a policy of tact

Effect Germans' conversion:

Great that, so far from proving overt-actful,

She say (if possible) prove over-tactful.

LIGNECAPUT.

THEN there are hotel "slogans." That of the West, in Hankinson, N. D., is, "Here, Steve, take my grips!"

Step This Way, Mr. Goode.

Sir: Please enroll among the Immortals the

Chicago Tribune, the mad dog of the Ameri-

can press, calls for the impeachment of the mem-

bers of the house military affairs committee who

voted against an increase of the general staff of

the army. "Pinheaded, pimpmilious, peanut

politicians," it calls them, a string of epithets

that means nothing and throws no light on any-

thing. Aside from suspecting that the editor of

THE TRIBUNE must have been a member of the

ritual committee of the Prudent Patricians of

Pompeii, and aside from knowing that he is an

apostle of pale, pink piffle, punk prunes, and pish,

one gets no impression from the thing. Of course,

it may have been a mistake not to increase the

general staff of the army—or it may not have

been a mistake. It may be accepted as a general

proposition that congress knows its business and

that it can attend to it without being stimulated

by the rattlesnake venom of that "greatest news-

paper in the world" the little and unspeakably

mean CHICAGO TRIBUNE.

R. L. T.

A LINE O' TYPE OR TWO

Motto: *How to the Line, Let the quips fall where they may.*

GOOSE LIBRE.
Dicky.
Dicky, dock.
The mouse
Ran up the tinepiece.
The clock struck two,
The mouse
Ran down.
Dicky, dicky,
Dock!

SPEAKING OF the freedom of the will—as the last person we were talking with was—a colored girl in the kitchen of a North Carolina inn said to her mistress, by way of disclosing her independence, "The only thing Ah GOT to do is to die."

QUELQUE PERICLES! *Sens Lyon!*
(From the Chautauqua Weekly.)

Prof. Clark read "Pericles" and the Lyon."

His interpretation was clear and keen, and to many of his hearers he presented Bernard Shaw's satanic satire as never before conceived.

"MY IDEA of Zero in Reading Matter," communicates N., is a column and a half of special article, sent by wireless from Berlin, explaining how all our troubles with the Kaiser are due to the lack of free communication between the United States and Germany."

FRAGRANT COMPARISON.

(By Dr. Barthelme.)

The name of Mr. Bryan is dragged into it by men who desire to use his name in that connection to spoil all attempts to restore friendly relations between Germany and the United States. Their motives are those of the miscreants who throw a rotten egg into the broth to spoil it.

"WE are now in a twilight zone between peace and war."—The New Republic.

And one good punch would put us into a twilight sleep.

THE word "who" in a piece of telegraph copy was changed to "whom," but the copy reader put up a perfect alibi. "I never change those words," said he, "as I never know which is correct."

WYOMING SHOULD WORRY.

Sir: The answer: The shade of the old Colonel, on a phantom horse, might be seen to dash from out the gate of his T. E. Ranch at Ishawoo, up the South Fork road a step, to Aldrich Lodge, where he would find the Hon. Sam, having been apprised by telephone of the crisis, pulling on his boots and shouting orders to his "hands" to meet him pronto at the rendezvous, which would be the Hotel Irma "in town," thirty miles away. He would wait at the gate to be joined by that cloud of dust which heralded the approach of the N. E. outfit, sped by the prayers of Mrs. Brown. And so at every junction of the main road with the crossroads and trails their number would be augmented by the twos, threes, and dozens of real (and perhaps only) "citizen soldiers."

In the meantime Uncle Sam's forest rangers from Wapiti, forty miles up the North Fork, would be hurrying toward Cody, leaving here and there along the route a man to be sure the sun would come to the ears of Bill Howell, who had an eight-foot grizzly as a woman fears a dove; Fred Morris' Ned Frost, who only last summer was obliged to direct a campsite to give a lesson to an unfriendly bear who invaded his tent, a two-hand pistol fighter who could with one shot shoot both ears off an Prussian within sight; Simon Snyder and his four gigantic sons; and so on into town, where their forces would be infinitely strengthened by Ed D. (Kid) Wilson (one look at his back and you swear it was Jesus Willard), "Tex" Holm and his brother Gus, Dave Jones, and the rest, every man of them a match for his weight in wildcats and for three Prussians, six Hungarians, or twenty-four Turks. Hod, Cody, should worry!

H. F. M.

FROM the programme of the North Side Turner hall concert:

March: "Finnish Cavalry"....J. shrdletacmfw.

This rising young Finnish composer was born at Etaino on the Shrdlu.

THE WAR: A-Z.

(A letter to the New York Sun.)

An Austrian Archduke, assaulted and assailed, Broke Belgium's barriers, by Britain bewailed.

Confusion destructive, death dealing devices; Diffusion destructive, death dealing devices;

England engaged earnestly, eager ever, ear,

France fought furiously, fearing foolish fear,

Great German garrisons grappled Gallic guard,

Hochsollers Hussars hammered, heavy, hard,

Imperial, Indian, Irish intermingling,

Jackets jaunty, joking, jesting, jesting, jingling,

Knick-knack, Kruppified Kaiser, kingdom's killing knight,

Land Leinen, Land Leinen, Land Leinen, Land Leinen,

Land Leinen, Land Leinen, Land Leinen, Land Leinen,

</

TO HAPPEN

SPANISH ENVOY BUSY UPON WORK OF THIS COUNTRY

Must Act for America and
Nearly All Lands in
Germany.

BY JAMES O'DONNELL BENNETT
(SPECIAL CABLE TO CHICAGO TRIBUNE)
BERLIN, Feb. 14.—In the Spanish ambassador to the court of Berlin the United States has a good and competent friend for the management of its affairs in Germany.

Speaking courteously and to the point, Don Pio Y. Bernabe sat this morning behind the big, black old desk where Mr. Gerard was sitting on Saturday and received the American correspondents in our embassy.

With his white hair brushed in a short pompadour, with his nose glasses and a closely trimmed beard and brown business suit, this veteran diplomat seemed more the type of an American business man than of a Hidalgo. Short in stature and portly, he still conveys the impression of energy and alertness, and moves briskly and speaks emphatically. His English is distinguished by an agreeable accent and he is equally master of French, German, and Italian.

Must Care for Many.
At the outbreak of the war he shoudered the burden of the Berlin affairs of Russia, France, and Belgium. With Mr. Gerard's departure his responsibility was increased, not only by our affairs but by those of Serbia, Roumania, Montenegro, and Japan, which we had been unable to handle. He also looks after Portugal's interests.

"Naturally," he said, "I find enough to occupy my time, and I have sent to Madrid for more secretaries. My colleague, Señor Delgado, will have immediate charge of the American affairs, while I will undertake general supervision."

When we said that we hoped the time never would come when we would have to call upon him for protection he replied:

"If that should come be assured that you certainly will have my protection."

Takes a Hopeful View.

The ambassador is no alarmist. "The situation," he said, "looks much easier now than it did in October. The German sailors who have been captured are nearly all neutrals prisoners. I am confident that Germany will release them the instant it receives official assurances that the German sailors in the United States will be all right."

After Sunday's desolation, following Mr. Gerard's departure, the embassy again is lively. Downstairs the Spaniards, Americans, and the American clerks are busy, while upstairs the Dutch, who have taken over the affairs of the English miners which Gerard used to have at hand, are at work.

**HOLIDAY HALTS
BILL TO MERGE
STATE BUREAUS**

Springfield, Ill., Feb. 14.—(Special)—Gov. Lowden's consolidation bill will not be out of the Illinois legislature until March 1. It will be passed by the house tomorrow morning and then will go to the senate.

Both houses will adjourn next Wednesday noon for Washington's birthday and will not reconvene until the following Tuesday. This precludes prompt committee action on the senate side; and it is expected that the bill will have to go to a conference committee for the final adjustment. Therefore the bill may be expected to be passed during March 1 or 2.

The bill went through its second reading today in the house without amendment, except as was desired by Gov. Lowden and his supporters.



Miss
Harriet Judevine
PHOTO TODAY

Miss Harriet Judevine, a student in the school of oratory of Northwestern University, is chairman of the annual "prom" which will be held Feb. 24 in the Patten gymnasium.

PRICES OF DRUGS UP 100 PER CENT; GOING HIGHER

If Heart's Weak, Don't
Read—You May Not
Be Able to Buy.

Drug prices are hitting the sky-line.

With advances of 100 per cent made in nearly every variety of drug, wholesalers and retailers alike refuse to predict where the prices "eventually will stop."

Wholesale price lists just sent out in some cases fall even to quote prices on some drugs in daily use at homes, as low as 10 to 20 cents a pound wholesale.

Drugs which were imported before the war now are almost off the market. American manufacture has helped to remedy the situation to some extent, but prices have been constantly soaring.

Morphine Doubles in Two Weeks.

One of the greatest increases is in the price of morphine. In the last two weeks morphine and codine have gone up more than 100 per cent. It wholesales now for \$10.65 an ounce. This is a total increase of 300 per cent since the arrival of a consignment which the government has promised to provide.

**Sixteen Children Killed
by Bombs from Airships**

BERLIN, Feb. 14.—(By Wireless to Sayville.)—A dispatch from Brussels, to the Overseas News agency, says that sixteen children were killed last Saturday by bombs dropped by British aviators in a crowd of skaters.

**Cost of War to Germany
A Total of \$15,000,000,000**

LONDON, Feb. 14.—Germany's war costs to date have reached the total of \$15,000,000,000, says a telegram from Berlin forwarded by the correspondent at Amsterdam of Reuter's Telegram company, Ltd.

Nebraska Heads Company.

C. F. Liles of Fremont, Neb., was elected president of the American Concrete Pipe association at the closing session of its annual meeting in the Auditorium hotel yesterday.

NAVY CALLS ON 10,000 MEN IN NORTH ILLINOIS

Rural Drive for Recruits
Meets with a Big
Success.

Ten thousand eligibles in northern Illinois, many of them in Chicago, will be sought as recruits to bring the navy up to a war footing.

This was announced yesterday by Lieut. L. R. Stevens, chief of the Chicago recruiting station, after a conference with Lieut. Com. E. S. Root, head of the central division of navy recruiting.

A list of eligibles throughout northern Illinois has been compiled by the Chicago recruiting station. To each of 10,000 men will be made a direct appeal through the mail to "join up."

From this mail campaign, the first to be sent out during the present campaign, will be dispatched through the mail today. Other batches will be speeded out once.

From this mail campaign, Lieut. Stevens asserts, the recruiting campaign, which is inspired directly by the desire of the navy department to have a well-trained force of sea men up to the point where it would be possible to embark on a war.

Rural Drive a Winner.

Reports from agents dispatched to various cities and towns in northern Indiana and northern Illinois are that the "farmer drive," started Monday to obtain recruits from the rural districts, is a success. One of the traveling parties now is at Joliet, where much success is reported.

Lieut. Com. Root, who is making a tour of the stations under his command, asserts that enlistments have leaped from 200 to 300 per cent.

Navy wireless positions in case of war will be filled with amateur operators.

A list of 500 such persons has been compiled in Chicago. These men would be mobilized in all probability as soon as war is declared. The mobilization, if it takes place, will be under the direction of Lieut. T. L. McCauley, in charge of the radio station at Lake Bluff.

First Training Class.

The first class in military drill in the new preparedness course offered by Northwestern university was held at night in Patten gymnasium, under the direction of Prof. Philip Fox. There were 110 students present, although Prof. Fox announced 150 had enrolled. The class will drill without rifles until the arrival of a consignment which the government has promised to provide.

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Comparative Price Table.

Comparative wholesale prices showing advances in other articles since the war:

Before war, 1914.

Metal aspyciates, lb. \$ 1.55

Glycerine, lb.17 .60

Permanate of potash, lb.12 .45

Quinine, oz.16 1.00

Saccharine, oz.20 1.70

Sage, which sold for only a few cents a pound before the war, now costs \$1.35 a pound wholesale.

Aged Man Held as Forger.

Charged with forging the name of Joseph Chalde to a trust deed executed Aug. 14, 1912, on which he obtained \$1,200 from Mrs. Klineberg, 1000 North Dearborn street, was arraigned before Judge Barash in Maxwell courtroom on Feb. 14. The case was continued to March 14.

Foster Shoes
for Women and Children

During the February
Sale early morning
shopping is suggested.

F.E. FOSTER & COMPANY
115 NORTH WABASH AVENUE
OPPOSITE FIELD'S

How Tom Moore restores cigar enjoyment

INSTEAD of ill-treating your cigar enjoyment with heavy cigars, suppose that you try smoking cigars of quite a different type.

In making Tom Moore the kind of cigar it is, we have acted on the modern principle that few men can or should smoke heavy cigars exclusively.

You may say, "But I like Havana tobaccos." Very well, Tom Moore's filler is Havana leaf. Yet, Tom

Moore smokes mildly. This is partly due to the two years' ageing in even temperature which we give the aromatic Havana leaf—partly due to Tom Moore's mild Sumatra wrapper—partly due to our cigar workers' care in keeping the air passages through the cigar open just enough for free, "instant" draft and smooth, even burning.

If cigars don't taste as good to you as they used to, refresh yourself with a few Tom Moore's. We will be very much surprised if your cigar enjoyment fails to come back—and stay with you.



CLARENCE HIRSCHHORN & CO., Distributors
217-219 West Randolph Street, Chicago

WOMEN ENLIST FOR RED CROSS WORK EAGERLY

Most of Applicants for
Information Join
Classes.

After the close of the first day's registration for the courses in Red Cross work at the Tower building it was evident that nearly all of the hundreds who had previously applied for information meant to go through with the work. Registration continued in room 801 Tower building until 9 o'clock last night. It will start again at 8 o'clock this morning and continue until 9 o'clock tonight.

Start Out Monday.
Classes will start on Monday. Miss Ruth Benson of 1319 West Adams street was the first to register. Among the many who came later in the day were Mrs. John De Koven Bowen, Mrs. J. Morse Ely, Mrs. Mason Phelps, and Miss Margaret Talbot.

Mrs. Clifford Chickering and Mrs.

Albert Gates, who have been recruiting classes made up of the wives of members of the South Shore Country club, expect to get 200 women to take at least one of the four courses offered. Mrs. A. T. Martin was in charge of the registration.

Socks for Sailors.

At the rooms of the Volunteer Aid classes the woman's section of the Navy league, at 1402 Stevens building, knitting machines were installed and demonstrated. Socks for sailors is the new slogan. The machines will knit a sock in twenty minutes.

The interest has been so great at the Navy league rooms that an additional nurse has been added to the staff of teachers. Some classes have started and the work will be in full swing by Monday.

Two classes of women of the South Shore Country club have answered the call of the Red Cross. The handsome library room of the club has been assigned for instruction during certain hours.

**THE MERE FACT THAT
SCOTT'S EMULSION**

is generously used in tuberculosis camps is proof positive that it is the most energizing preparation in the world. It has power to create power. It warms and nourishes; it enriches the blood, stops loss of flesh and builds you up.

**SCOTT'S IS PURE AND RICH
AND FREE FROM ALCOHOL**

Scott & Sons, Bloomfield, N. J. 16-24

12-inch \$1.50

16-inch \$1.50

20-inch \$1.50

24-inch \$1.50

28-inch \$1.50

32-inch \$1.50

36-inch \$1.50

40-inch \$1.50

44-inch \$1.50

48-inch \$1.50

52-inch \$1.50

56-inch \$1.50

60-inch \$1.50

64-inch \$1.50

68-inch \$1.50

72-inch \$1.50

76-inch \$1.50

80-inch \$1.50

84-inch \$1.50

88-inch \$1.50

92-inch \$1.50

96-inch \$1.50

100-inch \$1.50

104-inch \$1.50

108-inch \$1.50

112-inch \$1.50

116-inch \$1.50

120-inch \$1.50

124-inch \$1.50

128-inch \$1.50

132-inch \$1.50

136-inch \$1.50

140-inch \$1.50

144-inch \$1.50

148-inch \$1.50

152-inch \$1.50

156-inch \$1.50

160-inch \$1.50

164-inch \$1.50

BRITISH RAIDERS GAIN SUCCESSES ON FRENCH FRONT

London Reports German
Lines Were Attacked
at Many Points.

FRENCH FRONT

RUSSIAN
LONDON, Feb. 14.—During the day we captured an enemy strong point southeast of Grandcourt and took a few prisoners. Another successful raid was carried out this morning northeast of Arras. We penetrated 250 yards into the enemy's defenses and reached his third line of defense. Two machine gun emplacements and a number of dugouts were completely destroyed. Many of the enemy were killed in the dugouts, which they refused to leave. We captured forty prisoners and a machine gun. Our casualties were light.

We also entered the German line last night on the Somme and northeast of Ypres and inflicted considerable casualties.

A hostile raid attempted east of Arras during the night was repulsed, and a second smaller party reached our trenches south of Messines, but was quickly ejected.

Three of the enemy's ammunition dumps were exploded today by our artillery fire. North of Ypres we caused a fire in the enemy's lines.

GERMAN

BERLIN, Feb. 14.—Army group of Crown Prince Rupprecht. On the north bank of the Acre the enemy, after the most violent artillery preparation, concluded his attacks, employing strong forces of infantry. Before noon two attacks were made south of Serre. Both were repulsed in hand to hand fighting. Enemy detachments, which gained a foothold before our front, were driven away. In the afternoon our forces advanced. Our artillery directed an effective annihilating fire against further reinforcements north of the Acre, and in the afternoon south of the river, which were observed to be held in readiness.

As far as the Somme and also in other sectors there was violent artillery fighting.

Army group of the German crown prince: We made successful reconnoitering advances in the bend at St. Mihel and on the west slope of the Vosges.

FRENCH
PARIS, Feb. 14.—Patrol encounters occurred last night in the region of Sissonne and Chambly near Taboré. In Lorraine an attack by the enemy in the sector of Baccarat was broken up by our fire. In Alsace, east of Metzeral, we made a successful surprise attack and took prisoners. Elsewhere on the front there was intermittent artillery fighting.

East of Metzeral we carried out today a surprise attack in the sector of Promes. The two batteries were active during the day in the regions of Les Maisons de Champagne and St. Hilaire, and also on the left bank of the Meuse in the sectors of hill 304 and Le Mort Homme.

In the Woëvre our batteries destructively shelled enemy organizations north of Flirey. The day was relatively calm everywhere else.

BELGIAN
PARIS, Feb. 14.—Last night an enemy attack on our posts east of

GERMAN GAIN IN BUKOWINA

Where Archduke Joseph Captures 1,200 Russians East of Jacoben.



cupied the near edge of a crater formed by an explosion.

GERMAN

BERLIN, Feb. 14.—Front of Prince Leopold: There were no important events.

ITALIAN FRONT

ITALIAN

ROME, Feb. 14.—In all the war theaters there have been the usual activities of the artillery and reconnaissance patrols.

Our artillery fire has again reached and hit the station at Tarvis. In the zone north of Sober, in the Goritz district, an enemy attack last night was completely repulsed.

AUSTRIAN

BERLIN, Feb. 14.—In the Vipach valley the lively artillery engagements continued yesterday. The Italians fired numerous gas grenades.

Hostile attacks from the district of St. Peter were repulsed.

The number of prisoners brought in south of the Coibus gorge has increased to three officers and eighty-eight men. Near Ronale pass our troops surprised a hostile point of support and took prisoner twenty-three Italians.

AUSTRIAN

VIEENNA, via Berlin, Feb. 14.—On the afternoon of Feb. 11 a group of our seaplanes undertook a successful reconnoitering raid to Avlona (Albania), Santi Quaranta, and Corfu. Another group of seaplanes in the early morning hours of Feb. 12 attacked torpedo boats and military objects at Brindisi (Italy on the Adriatic). Hits were obtained with bombs. All the seaplanes returned undamaged.

ITALIAN

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VAST COAL TANKS TO KEEP CHICAGO FROM FAMINES

Consumers Company Will
Save Fuel Elements
Under Water.

Mme. Marie Jung
MATZEN PHOTO

Madame Marie Jung, former pupil of the leading European dancing masters, and for nine years in the service of the Emperor of Austria, was yesterday made defendant in a petition filed in the Circuit court seeking to restrain her from conducting classes in Chicago. The Chicago Musical college, plaintiff, through its president, Felix Horwitz, charges breach of contract, and said that Madame Jung appropriated a class of fifty young women she has been teaching at the college.

Madame Jung was employed by the Chicago Musical college in 1913. Prior to that time she had been employed by Andreas Dippel, former director of the Chicago Grand Opera company.

She was to get 50 per cent of the amount paid by her pupils at the college, according to the petition. On Jan. 30 Madame Jung abandoned her position, the petition charges. This was four days before her class had finished one of its terms. On Feb. 3 she is alleged to have arranged to have the members of her class meet her at her studio in the Fine Arts building. Now she is teaching them on her own account.

SCHOOL BOARD O.K.'S CHOICE DUDLEY G. HAYS

Protests against the appointment of Dudley Grant Hays as supervisor of community centers, vocational guidance, and school lunches were overruled yesterday by the Board of Education and Superintendent Shoop's appointee was confirmed. The final vote in favor of Mr. Hays was 4 to 2, with one member abstaining, but it took more than an hour before the matter was settled.

Max Loeb introduced a resolution protesting that the position was filled by competitive examination, on that it be advertised that applications for the position would be received until the expiration date given by three persons appointed by Superintendent Shoop. The motion was tabled by a vote of 14 to 1 with Trustees Lipsky, MacMahon, Abrahams, and Max Loeb voting against it.

PROGRESSIVES TO INVITE WILSON

Mt. Pleasant, Ga., Feb. 14.—After a conference of Progressive leaders here today, plans were laid for the national Progressive conference at St. Louis, March 15-17. Andrew E. White, head of the progressive national committee, announced that President Wilson would be invited to address the St. Louis conference. The president will be invited as a "liberal Democrat," and Senator Hiram Johnson of California also will be invited as a "liberal Republican," Mr. White said.

**Advertisers to Hear of
Circulation Audit Board**

A. E. C. day, planned to impress Chicago advertising men with the importance of the audit bureau of circulation, will be observed on Tuesday, Feb. 20, at the regular meeting of the Chicago Advertising Association at a luncheon at 12:30 o'clock in the Hotel La Salle.

Stanley Clague of the Taylor-Critchfield-Clegg company will officiate as chairman.

Advisers will be made by Louis Bruch of the American Bureau company; William H. Rankin of the Main Avenue agency; A. A. Gray, publisher of Practical Engineer; Curtis Brady, publisher of Woman's World; E. T. Morris, publisher of "Successful Farmer"; La Fayette Young Jr., publisher of the Des Moines Capital; and Russell R. Whitman, managing director of the A. C. Chicago.

Advertisers Club Banquet Saturday.

The Advertisers Club has completed arrangements for its banquet to be held next Saturday evening at the Congress hotel.

A+B

ROGERS PEET CLOTHES EXCLUSIVELY.
EXCLUSIVE AGENTS FOR ROGERS PEET

Now for the winter
overcoats!
Away they go!

\$25.00

for coats that were \$30,
\$33, \$35, \$40 and \$45.

ANDERSON & BROTHERS
Washington & Wabash
(Northeast corner)

BOARD OF TRADE BEGS EASTERN ROADS FOR CARS

President Griffin Asserts
World Food Supply
Is Periled.

The acute traffic situation which the western shippers are facing in the matter of moving grain and flour to the seaboard is becoming more serious every day.

Leaders in the grain trade realize the gravity of the present conditions and are making every effort to bring about a change.

Telegram Presents Case.

Yesterday President J. P. Griffin addressed the following telegram to the president of each of the eastern railroads:

"The United States normally produces not only sufficient grain and food supplies of all kinds for home consumption, but in addition a large surplus available for foreign distribution. Owing to weathering heat, drought, blight, and various other causes, the world's production of all food supplies in the year 1916 was materially subnormal; in fact, the relation of supply and demand is so close that extraordinary ingenuity is necessary in the matter of distribution to insure against famine."

"This condition is aggravated by the abnormal demand from countries in this country, as well as the extraordinary inquiry from Europe. The evidence is very clear that manufacturing and industrial activity in this country is 10 to 30 per cent above normal. It can be clearly proven that generally speaking, industries have been provided with sufficient equipment to meet their abnormal demands, while the railroads and eastern railroads for distribution of grain and food products generally have been less than 25 per cent of the requirements.

Cause of H. C. L.
"This fact is largely responsible for the present high cost of living, and unless immediately relieved, there is great danger of shortage of necessary supplies to sustain human and animal life in this country, as well as in Europe."

"At the present time there are 30,000,000 bushels of grain in Chicago awaiting shipment."

"Country elevators tributary to Chicago are holding 50,000,000 to 75,000,000 bushels additional grain which can not be moved forward unless eastern railroads furnish equipment."

"Consumers all over this country are desperately in need of these supplies and boats are waiting at the Atlantic seaboard and Europe for the furnishing of cars by eastern railroads to move forward this tremendous supply of grain is a matter of national necessity. Your cooperation and assistance are urgently requested."

SUFFRAGE BILL PASSES IN OHIO

Columbus, O., Feb. 14.—The Ohio legislature after passing the Bill giving Ohio women the privilege of voting for President. The vote was 20 to 16. The bill already has passed the house and Gov. Cox has intimated he will sign it.

**KEEP A JAR OF
MUSTEROLE HANDY**

It Quickly Loosens Up Coughs
and Colds in Throat or Chest

Just a little Musterole rubbed on your sore, tight chest before you go to bed will loosen up congestion and break up most severe colds and coughs.

Musterole is a clean white ointment made of pure beeswax. Simply rub it on. No plaster necessary. Better than mustard plaster and does not blister.

Thousands who use Musterole will tell what relief it gives from sore throat, bronchitis, tonsils, croup, stiff neck, asthma, neuralgia, headache, congestion, pleurisy, rheumatism, lumbago, pains and aches of the back or joints, sprains, sore muscles, bruises, chilblains, frosty feet and colds.

MUSTEROLE

CHIEF ACCUSES 8 INSPECTORS OF CITY PAVING

Aftermath of Baker Re-
port, Which Alleged
\$400,000 Loss.

Charges that they have allowed the city to be cheated in the amount and quality of material used in street pavements were filed yesterday with the city civil service commission against eight paving inspectors.

John M. J. Faherty, president of the board of examiners, is an aftermath of the report of Paul Ira. Baker of the University of Illinois made to the finance committee several months ago, in which he charged that the city lost about \$400,000 in one year because paving inspectors permitted contractors to skim city pavements in the materials they put in surfaces, "binders," and foundations. He formally accused the eight men.

Commission to Investigate.

Yesterday President J. P. Griffin addressed the following telegram to the president of each of the eastern railroads:

"Neither the Fulton Asphalt company nor the J. A. Ross company ever did any work for the city," said Capt. Coffin, who some time ago requested the Association of Commerce to make the investigation, without success.

The Accused Men.

The new commission, beginning next Tuesday morning, will listen to the evidence against the eight paving inspectors.

Robert M. Barrett, 101 South Kingley avenue; John J. Mulvey, 140 South Kingley avenue; Edward Barrett, 1428 School street; Thomas Turner, 3540 West Monroe street; Maurice W. Lynch, 2256 South Wabash avenue; Charles Suber, 4231 West Twenty-first street; and Charles H. Peck, 1902 Estates Avenue, Section J. Lake, ward superintendent in the First ward, is accused of padding.

Rudolph A. Stokes and Horace Burke, both caulkers in the city water pipe extension department, were indicted yesterday by the grand jury. Both were charged with embezzlement. Burke is said to have sold \$5,000 worth of iron pipe belonging to the city and kept the money himself. Stokes is alleged to have sold \$200 worth of pig lead and kept the money.

Cause of H. C. L.

"The question is how to finance the commissioners' recommendations," said Mr. Busby. "What is there to interest investors?" The first thing the investors will face is: At the end of thirty years, the city may take over the property. In my humble judgment, it will be absolutely impossible to attract investors to such a proposition. My objection to the bill is that it is not set up to have twenty years of twenty year extension.

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Investors Shy

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"The question is how to finance the commissioners' recommendations," said Mr. Busby. "What is there to interest investors?" The first thing the investors will face is: At the end of thirty years, the city may take over the property. In my humble judgment, it will be absolutely impossible to attract investors to such a proposition. My objection to the bill is that it is not set up to have twenty years of twenty year extension.

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EUROPEAN WAR SHOWS NEED OF TRAINED ARMY

Proves Volunteer System Failure in Making an Efficient Force.

BY CAPT. HENRY J. REILLY.

[SPECIAL CABLE TO CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]
PARIS, Feb. 14.—The only great trouble in attempting to build any proper system of defense for the United States is that we do not wish to base it on principles which are fundamentally wrong and which our imperfect knowledge of our own military history tends to confirm. The present war conclusively proves them to be wrong.

The first of these erroneous ideas is that the voluntary system of raising an army is the only democratic and best method. In the first place, the volunteers are not democratic, because it is an unequal distribution of military service and because it makes the greatest demands on the most willing, while shirkers escape.

All our wars have shown the voluntary system a failure from the point of view, because it did not produce the necessary number of men.

Men Needed for Machines.

Always evident in our idea of war is that primarily it is machines which count, rather than the men who operate them. We always are interested in how many times a machine can be used before it is to be discarded. In order to convince the upper recruit he must have confidence in himself and the men must have confidence in him.

The proper training of an army in times of peace and its handling in times of war depend on proper organization, and, above all, the subordination of every personal or departmental interest to the interests of the battle efficiency of persons who actually fight.

Civilian control and considerations of politics are unduly powerful in the supply or staff corps, and the inefficiency of our present organization of the general staff and staff corps prevents true efficiency because the control is not primarily in the hands of the general staff, but in the representatives of the men who do the actual fighting.

We count our population, wealth, and material resources, and believe ourselves strong, paying no attention to the time needed to translate them into armies.

French Profit by Training.
The French know all this and consequently organized an efficient army on the principle of universal obligatory military service over a continuous period of time long enough to produce proper training and discipline under professional non-commissioned officers.

They knew that men and potential resources not organized into fighting, efficient units were useless. The few battles could be won only by paying the price in money and personal service before the war and both, coupled with losses, during the war.

HALF A BILLION LOANED TO 'FISH' IN MARKET RAID

Enormous Speculation Gives New Thrill to "Leak" Quiz.

BY MARK WATSON.

New York, Feb. 14.—[Special.]—Evidence that borrowings for the sake of speculating in stocks in New York City alone had reached nearly \$500,000,000 at the time of the market crash last December startled the members of the congressional committee who resumed today their effort to discover who punched the leak in Mr. Wilson's peace note.

The enormity of speculation temporarily eclipsed the search for the leak.

The leak was that of John B. Bachelder, head of J. S. Bachelder & Co., a house specializing at the time in motor stocks which were hard hit in the secondary decline.

Loans Up to \$450,000,000.

He declared that his house alone had expanded its loans to customers to \$71,000,000 and estimated borrowings from the fifteen firms represented at the famous "bankers' powwow" which preceded the bear raid at about \$450,000,000.

What this means was explained by another broker who said that with the margins as deep as they were, the loans to customers would have been about 75 per cent of market value. That means then, that these fifteen houses' customers were carrying \$800,000,000 worth of stocks, mainly on margin. It is not

surprising that when the crash came it was a terrific one.

Mr. Bachelder added that his customers 65 per cent were playing the long end.

Arthur Lipper, another broker, said the percentage among his clients was 90, indicating even greater optimism.

Richmond Firm Byed.

There is singular amount of questioning about the brokerage firm of John N. Williams & Co. of Richmond, Va., and whether that firm profited from the leak. Richmond was the home of John Shelton Williams, controller of the currency and official intimate of the Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo.

The severest comment today was Attorney Sherman L. Whipple's denunciation of the Hutton & Co. for the absence in the south of the head of the firm and senior partner whose telegram delayed his sending two hours before the sending to customers of news of the events which later caused the heavy flood of selling.

"Inferences serious in their effect must be drawn," concluded the attorney.

"Mr. Barrett is the only one who can exonerate the firm from the inferences inevitably drawn, and he is not here to do so."

CARLILE SAYS HE IS DEMOCRAT

Washington, D. C., Feb. 14.—[Special.]—Senator Lewis today submitted evidence to the senate that William B. Carlile, nominated last week for postmaster at Chicago, is a Democrat.

Included in the evidence was a telegram from Mr. Carlile denying that he voted as a Republican in the September primary.

The postmaster nominee asserted that no matter what the poll books may show, he asked for a Democratic ballot, was given one, and voted it.

THE HUB Henry C. Lytton & Sons

N. E. Corner State and Jackson

Shirts for Shrewd Buyers

\$1.15



A special shirt value that will appeal to discerning shoppers; pronounced patterns and neat stripes, many black and white effects, all guaranteed fast color, at \$1.15.

Full shape scarfs, regulation 50c neckwear, on sale now at 3 for \$1, or each, 35c

Main Floor.



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"THE SHOE THAT HOLDS ITS SHAPE"

\$3 \$3.50 \$4 \$4.50 \$5 \$6 \$7 & \$8

You can Save Money by Wearing

W. L. Douglas Shoes. The best Known Shoes in the World.

W. L. Douglas name and the retail price is stamped on the bottom of all shoes at the factory. The value is guaranteed and the wear protected against high prices for inferior shoes. The retail prices are the same everywhere. They cost no more in San Francisco than they do in New York. They are always worth the price paid for them.

The quality of W. L. Douglas product is guaranteed by more than 40 years experience in making fine shoes. The smart styles are the leaders in the fashion centre of America. They are made in a well-equipped factory at Brockton, Mass., by the highest paid, skilled shoemakers, under the direction and supervision of experienced men, all working with an honest determination to make the best shoes for the price that money can buy.

For sale by over 9000 shoe dealers and 103 W. L. Douglas stores in the large cities. If not convenient to call at W. L. Douglas store, ask your local dealer for W. L. Douglas shoes. If he cannot supply you, take no other make.

Write for booklet, showing how to McGroogles order shoes by mail. President W. L. Douglas Shoe Co., postage free, 210 Spark St., Brockton, Mass.

W. L. DOUGLAS STORES IN CHICAGO:
MEN'S AND WOMEN'S STORES // WOMEN'S STORES

RESORTS AND HOTELS

The Breakers

Atlantic City's newest and finest Fitzgerald Hotel. Large and airy rooms, charming features and refined atmosphere with all the comforts of home. Hot and cold sea and fresh water in all baths. All day and night service. Superior cuisine. W. L. WADDELL, Manager. Summer House, N. Y.; Bee-Nip Park Lodge, Lake Michigan.

ASHEVILLE, N. C.

AMERICA'S ALL-YEAR RESORT

Headquarters of the American Board of Trade.

Write



BOYS SHOES Best in the World \$2.00-\$2.50-\$3.00

BEWARE OF FRAUD

None genuine unless

W. L. Douglas name

and the retail price is

stamped on the bottom

TAKENOSUBSTITUTE

THE MANOR

Albemarle Park, Asheville, N. C.

"In the Land of the Sky"

This delightful English Inn

has won a place in the hearts of

cultivated people everywhere.

It offers just the right combination of Southern hospitality, service, homelike informality and unusual facilities for outdoor life, sports and pastimes the year 'round.

Perfect Golf in a Perfect Climate

18 Holes Turf Greens

Most delightful at this season.

Write for booklet. Make reservations.

In AMERICA — AN ENGLISH INN

RESORTS AND HOTELS

The DESPLAND

Largest and Most Modern Hotel at DAYTONA ON THE FAMOUS FLORIDA COAST. NOW OPEN.—Super ocean beach, sea bath, tennis, golf, polo, billiards, etc. Many private afternoons tea. Accommodations 220. Many tennis courts. Hot and cold running water in practically every room. Swimming pool, sun deck, sunbathing, etc. W. L. WADDELL, Manager. Summer House, N. Y.; Bee-Nip Park Lodge, Lake Michigan.

ASHEVILLE, N. C.

AMERICAN AND EUROPEAN PLANS

Daily concerts in hotel grandstand.

Write

THE WINTER AT THE GALVESTON HOTEL

is another Galveston hotel of the North. Take the "Sunshine Special" the pleasant train to Galveston. Write

Galveston for beautiful Southern Books.

RESORTS AND HOTELS

Hotel Dennis

ATLANTIC CITY, NEW JERSEY
Open all seasons of the year.
A recognized standard of excellence.
Capacity 500. WALTER J. DUNN.

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Miller & Matthews
Madison Street
State and Wabash

Sowing the New

Spring
Serge
Dresses
for
Misses and
Women

Offering of
EXCE DINGLY
WORTH WHILE
VALUES AT
\$15.00
\$22.50
\$32.50

Introducing the
new coat effects.
Winter Coats,
Dresses—to close
at Madison Street

RTS—FOREIGN
Ocean Travel.



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ays to China
and Trip \$250
ays to Manila
and Trip \$47.50
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overland tour through India
to Peking, for additional
information, call or write
MacCallum, General Agents
Telephone Walsh 2000, Chicago, Ill.

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COMPANY'S OFFICE
NEW YORK, N.Y.
W. A. LADD, President
R. H. DEARDORFF, Vice President
Randolph 6854. Automatic 61-684

TELLS 'EM ABOUT
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wife, Mrs. Barbara Benderman, is pain-
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The house was destroyed and was almost
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Whether he had turned the gas on with
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by the explosion and flames.

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Chief Lists Licenses
for Mayor to Revoke

Violators of the Sunday closing law
will feel the weight of Mayor Thomp-
son's license revocation power when the
law returns from his eastern trip, it
is believed in the city hall.

I am glad to see a man of saloonkeep-
ers who have violated the Sunday clo-
sing law more than once," said Chief of
Police Schuetzler yesterday.

"Little Party at Armory,"
but They Elope to Indiana

Albert Fabling didn't have to be so
secret about it and his mother, Mrs.
Casper Fabling of 912 South Ada street,
is just a bit peeved.

"Of course, I don't know the girl,"
she said, "but I guess there wouldn't
have been any objection to her."

The Misses Fabling, Livermore, a
stereographer. They obtained a license
to marry in Crown Point yesterday.

Fabling is a salesman and belongs to
company K. First Infantry. He told his
mother there was to be a little party at
the armory and she still thinks it is
some kind of a joke.

I realize that the revocation of a
license is an extreme penalty, inasmuch
as the mayor has announced that no
license will be revoked for violation of the
Sunday law will be restored. For that
reason I am exercising extraordinary
prudence in making up the list."

Woman Loses \$1,500 Gems
but Did She Recover Them

Detective Sergt. Joyce and Howe are
investigating the supposed loss and re-
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valued at \$1,500 yesterday by
Mrs. James Wyatt, 1435 Greenleaf
avenue.

The drive against "baby farms" is
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cil health committee.

"I'm going to push the ordinance for
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Friend of the Jewish Home Finding
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and Wilfred S. Reynolds of the Illinois
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Police Seek Identity
of Woman Dead in Cell

The police are trying to establish the
identity of a woman, apparently about 40
years old, arrested last evening at
Forty-seventh and State streets, who
died four hours later in a cell at the
Hyde Park police station. She wore a
tall red suit.

SECTION TWO.
GENERAL NEWS,
SOCIETY, SPORTING,
MARKETS, WANT ADS.

AH, MAN! HERE
IS A CHAMPION
OF THY HUMILITY!

Prof. O'Shea Wants Hus-
band's Side of Family
Life Considered.

BY AUDRIE ALSPAUGH CHASE

"I should like to see the man's side
of the domestic situation dealt with,"
said Prof. M. V. O'Shea of Wisconsin
university, an authority on education
and psychology.

From a green plush Pullman seat we
were watching the tawny Indiana prairie
wear away under the car wheels
toward Illinois, as the pine robed Tennessee
mountains round Lincoln Memorial
university, where we had been created
Lincoln's birthday, had melted
into the prairies.

Man So Neglected.

"These investigations into domestic
situations are a helpful study of the
psychology of every day life," continued
the professor. "But I'd like to see the
man's side considered. The man always
has so little attention paid to him in
these problems."

"Nowadays the way life goes, the
man is concerned with acquiring the
money for the living. His are the re-
sponsibilities, and he is obliged to meet them. While the wife, in most instances,
is concerned only with the expending of
the income."

"Because of modern conditions the
piece of earning the livelihood is so far
from the home that the wife usually has
little realization of the effort or strain
it may take to acquire it. She doesn't
appreciate it at all. It's the same way
with our children. We bring them up
so they have no idea of the value of
money. They want things, and they get
them, and for all they know by experi-
ence the money for them grows on
trees."

Charles Howard—Drunk again in
"A Happy Combination."

Loveneberg Sisters—Two Farming
girls in robust repartee and chan-
sonette. Fannie and Kitte. "Your
face would cook coffee," says Fannie.
"And yours would settle it." Kitte re-
turns. "Why they laugh in vaudeville."

Gowas—"Wherein an amorous
moving picture man hits his sweetheart
and becomes dicky-kicky with his
wife after he has seen her doled up by
a swell sempstress." Mrs. Gen Hughes
is portly, adult, and authoritative as an
Irish-American woman's talk.

North Half of Block.

The building will extend from Lake
street to Couch place, with a frontage
of 180 feet on State street and 163 feet
on Lake street.

The store and office building will occu-
py the entire frontage on both State
and Lake streets and will have a depth
of fifty feet. The top floor of the office
building will have two stages, to be de-
voted to rehearsals and private theatrical
enterprises.

Buildings Are Old.

The present improvements comprise four
and six story buildings, erected many years ago. Cameron, Ambler &
Co. and the Booth Fisheries have been
occupants of the buildings for more
than forty years.

The property was acquired by the
trustees of the Marshall Field estate in
1912, through Albert L. Strane, for approximately \$1,750,000. Mr. Strane
also acted as broker in the present trans-
action.

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The Blackstone is the probable destina-
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based on recent blackmailing scandals hereabouts. Miss Julia Dean,
Frederick Truesdell, and Thurlow Ber-
gen are in it.

Miss Sallie Fisher will return to pub-
lic life in "The Choir Rehearsal," a
two-toner sketch by Miss Cläre Kum-
mer, who wrote "Desire."

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MAIL TUBES TO
STAY; 45 TO 25
IS SENATE VOTE

Authorities of the pneumatic tube postal service in Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Chicago, and St. Louis were approved today by the Senate, 45 to 25. A provision in the bill to abolish the tubes, advocated by the postmaster general, was eliminated.

And then the train whistled into some-
where and the animated checkers on the
Lincoln special found themselves
climbing around and shifted into new
cabins, among them myself and Prof. O'Shea, which ended his plea for
repressed husbandkind.

DOCTOR TELLS
HOW PAISLEYS
USED MORTGAGE

Dr. Clarence Wright, who has an office
in the Marshall Field building, was the
chief witness yesterday against William
Paisley and his two sons, Oliver F. and
James T., who are being tried before
Judge Kersten on charges of receiving
deposits while their banks were in
insolvency.

Mr. Burleson was scored by Vice President Marshall during
the debate.

When the provision was reached to-day Senator Polk Dexter of Washington,
who favors the abolition of the tubes,
made a point of order against it, stating
the position of the postmaster general.
In overruling Mr. Polk Dexter the vice
president said:

"The chair believes that the post-
master general is given the conduct of
the affairs of the post office department
and the removal of the congress of the United
States and not as its master, which
conduct the congress may change at
will."

Mr. Wright testified that he turned
over a mortgage to the Paisleys; which
was to be placed on sale, but, if he is
charged, they used the mortgage as se-
curing for a loan without his consent.

After the banks were placed in the
hands of a receiver Dr. Wright demand-
ed that the receiver give him the
deposits it had received from the Paisleys

William Richards, cashier of the Chi-
cago Savings Bank and Trust company,
said the Paisleys had borrowed
\$15,800 which was not repaid.

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SECTION TWO.
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The Chicago Daily Tribune.

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 15, 1917.

CIRCULATION
OVER 600,000
OVER 500,000 SUNDAY
OVER 350,000
OVER 300,000 DAILY

* * *
HOBNOPS WITH
CITY'S BEST TO
PASS FORGERIES
Affable Stranger Greets
Upham—Signs Name
of Rosenwald.

Fred Upham, president of the Consumers' company, took luncheon at the Blackstone grill on Thursday, Feb. 15. At an adjoining table were seated a high Catholic dignitary and a well dressed, apparently responsible man of affairs.

As Mr. Upham left the grill he stopped and chatted for a moment with the churchman, then proceeded to another table to speak to friends.

The churchman's companion ran over and tapped him on the shoulder.

"O, Yes, Yes."

"Why, hello, Fred," he gurgled joyously. "Don't remember me, do you old chap? Years since you say me, you know—"

"O, yes, now I remember," said Mr. Upham, using the time worn method of hiding his identity. "Glad to see you again." Thereupon he departed.

Ten minutes later the affable stranger called Marc Mantle, the head waiter, who had been an interested observer, and said:

"See here, old chap, I forgot to go to the book. Just hold this luncheon check until I return tomorrow; that's a good fellow."

Mattie assented, stowing the little bill of \$3.35 away in his pocket. He had seen the affable one about the hotel before.

Check for \$65.

The man returned on Saturday and tendered a check for \$65, ostensibly signed by Julius Rosenwald, president of the Sears-Roebuck company. Mr. Rosenwald's name, combined with the stranger's obvious acquaintance with a high churchman, made Mr. Upahm wonder if the bill had been forged.

"It's ridiculous," said the wife. "When the men get the notices we never know about the bridge parties and the dozen and one exciting women's events which are going on. That is, we don't know if we're invited to them or not."

"Nonsense," said the husband, "we've tried having notices sent to our homes and the women throw all our trapeze, golf, and other star notices in the waste basket. Never know them and don't know how," replied Mr. Upham.

Mattie then turned up the residence of the churchman.

"I really do not remember the gentleman's name, as I had never seen him before," said he. "He called to see me on our wedding anniversary, and when luncheon time came insisted on my telling him a friend of mine a friend of Mr. Upham."

Meanwhile the current issue of the club magazine adds heat to the controversy by discussing the matter in a leading editorial.

FASHION'S
BLUE BOOK

BY CORINNE LOWE.

NEW YORK.—(Special Correspondent.)—The rule for khaki-kid does not seem to have "spaled" in the least," notes the bazaar person who attends Miss Flasher. Every day we have some new and more excited design plumping headlong into our sports clothes and linings and hats and bags. Rhyme "rhyth" until they write; green and gold and crimson reds crowd the silky space like the red and quadrangles and triangles look like the portraits of "Green Wenzan Baking Magnata Bread," as presented by the cubist and vorticist schools of art. Throw a calculus on the Grand cañon, and you get some little idea of what these artist-tools are trying to let us know.

The suit shown here is of oyster-colored khaki-kid with a rather sedate khaki-kid dress.

Solid green belts and cuffs and pockets. These latter, by the way, are nothing more than jaunty little isosceles triangles—the kind we used to work over in geometry. The hat worn with this is draped in black satin and has figures of solid green.

The cravat, however—ah, here is a respite from color! For this smart accessory of black and white check will, in the neckwear worn with sports clothes today was, in fact, something like a "crip" to the places she calls her fairy palace, unknown that it is just the dark, bat infested entrance of an old mine.

The father passes away, and the little girl, taken into a family of aliens, becomes a household drudge. But they cannot take her dreams away, and she manages still sometimes to steal away with "Crip" to the places she calls her fairy palace, unknown that it is just the dark, bat infested entrance of an old mine.

"Don't forget," she says, when the bandages are about to be removed, "that you promised the first person I should see would be my prince."

It seems such a pity—but she has arms about his neck.

The neckwear, robed of all that had made life with living ends it all in the mine that had been a fairy palace. The picture pulls almost too strongly on the heartstrings to be classed as entertainment."

ASK ME! ASK ME!

READER: The cast of "The Dark Silence" is as follows: Mrs. Kimball Young, Edward Alwyn, George Edward T. Langford, Dr. Marie Martin, Paul Capellini, Still Ainsworth, Barbara Glancy, Flora Jeann Lewis in the Fox production of "Romeo and Juliet." Harry Hilliard took the part of Romeo. The Essanay company is located at 1333 Argyle street, Chicago. It doesn't allow visitors. Following is the cast of "The Man of Steel": Sam Kroll, Ruth Young, Harry Luckett, Jerry Dickenson, Sinclair LaSalle, Warner Oland, Ninon, Marguerite Skirvin, Clavering Gordon, Eugene O'Brien.

GOLF FIND: I don't play golf but I reckon I could if anybody could give me a reason why I should.

CUTIE: Sorry, but I don't know anything about the boy you mention. Better tell me the company producing pictures in which you have seen him. Perhaps I may be able to get some information for you.

CURIOS: If you will send me a small addition envelope I'll take great pleasure in mailing you the printed article I have on how to become a photoplayer. I will also include a list of the various studios. You're welcome.

RALPH E. E.: Auntie Bee has plenty

of spizzerkumtum all right. Yes, I have heard of the case of David and Goliath. Write any time you feel like it.

cup cake or, what is more popular, the boiled milk angel cake.

cup, baked in a sheet, may be cut up in squares, diamonds, etc., and used in various ways for what is called French pastry.

All the recipes for this cake agree as to proportions, but some advise exacte sifting of ingredients, as in the following:

Sift together seven times one cup of flour, one egg, one-half cup of sugar, one-third level teaspoons baking powder. Add one cup of milk heated to boiling point, and one teaspoon vanilla. Beat thoroughly, then fold in the stiffly beaten whites of two eggs. Bake in ungreased pan in moderate oven about forty minutes. Eat when cold. Moist and delicious.

* * *

CORRECTION. In the second part of yesterday's recipe for divinity fudge the water was omitted. Three-quarters of a cup is needed.

Imitation Angel Cake. It is not correct to speak of a two egg angel cake as we sometimes do. Two egg whites are two halves of an egg, not whole. Therefore the cake costs no more than the popular and truly one egg cake, if we have some good use to which we may put the yolks.

A cup of mayonnaise dressing is such a use. This is the foundation for the increasingly popular Thousand Island dressing. In public places, like cafeterias, this is being sold at 3 cents a plateful. As there are 16 plates to a dozen, therefore the cake costs no more than the popular and truly one egg cake, if we have some good use to which we may put the yolks.

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therefore the cake costs no more than the popular and truly one egg cake, if we have some good use to which we may put the yolks.

Look, Mother! Is tongue coated, breath hot and stomach sour?

Harmless "fruit laxative" best to clean tender liver and bowels.

Mothers can rest easy after giving "California Syrup of Figs," because in a few hours all the clogged-up waste, sour bile, and other poisons are purged out of the bowels, and you have a well-playful child again. Children simply will not take the time from play to empty their bowels, and then become tightly packed. Liver gets sluggish as a stomach disorder.

When a child is restless, then give this delicious "fruit laxative." Children love it, and it can not cause injury. No difference what age your little one—if full of cold, or is sore throat, diarrhea, stomach-ache, bad breath, remember, a gentle "simple cleansing" should always the first treatment given. Full directions for babies, children of all ages and grown-ups are printed on each bottle.

Be aware of counterfeited fig syrups. Ask your druggist for a 50 cent bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," then look carefully and see if it is made by the "California Fig Syrup Company." We make no smaller size. Hand back with contempt any other fig syrup.—Adv.

SYRUP OF FIGS,
FOR CROSS, SICK,
FEVERISH CHILD

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Try Olivilo
No toller soap—could it be better if it cost a dollar.

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Suitable for Framing, with Next
SUNDAY'S TRIBUNE

WALTER C. WILLIAMS
Secretary and General Manager
Phone Randolph 5780

Too Sad to
Be Classed as
'Entertainment.'

"PRINCESS OF THE DARK."
Produced by Inc-Triangle.
Directed by Edward L. Cahn.
THE CAST.
Edna Bennett.....Enid Gilbert
John...Malvina.....Alfred Vohburg
James...Marion.....Walt Whitman
Crip's Father.....Frank Burke

BY MAE TINEE.

TWO extremely difficult parts to act are extremely well acted in the picture under discussion. They are impersonations of a blind girl and a hunchback, and the girls are Enid Bennett and Jack Gilbert are pathetically realistic. The other members of the cast play up well. Having thus paid honest tribute to excellence, it must be said that the producers have "padded" the production. It would have been so much better if a reel or so shorter. However, it was all well done, and the photography was beautiful.

The blind and motherless daughter of a sick man, coughing away her life in a shabby little mansion, is a picture peopled with the wonderful beings of imagination. The unfortunately fate-maimed son of the town drunkard, who finds in her presence his only happiness, she calls her princess, and worships the gorgeous many creatures she believes him to be. Her slave, enters as far as he can into her fairyland, and at times almost convinces himself that he is as she thinks him to be. Those, for poor "Crip," are the happy times!

The father passes away, and the little girl, taken into a family of aliens, becomes a household drudge. But they cannot take her dreams away, and she manages still sometimes to steal away with "Crip" to the places she calls her fairy palace, unknown that it is just the dark, bat infested entrance of an old mine.

Coming to town to look after his father's property, John Rockwell, son of a wealthy mine owner, sees the little girl. Through his influence she is operated on.

"Don't forget," she says, when the bandages are about to be removed, "that you promised the first person I should see would be my prince."

It seems such a pity—but she has arms about his neck.

The neckwear, robed of all that had made life with living ends it all in the mine that had been a fairy palace. The picture pulls almost too strongly on the heartstrings to be classed as entertainment."

JACK GILBERT AND EDNA BENNETT

She Called Him Her "Prince" and Took Him with Her
into Fairyland.

BY ANTOINETTE DONNELLY.

If you missed the Antisneezie Donnelly series telling how she reduced Mrs. Eva Lane thirty-six pounds in six weeks, or how she added twenty pounds in five weeks to Miss Helen's weight, or how she shaved off a head of dog's hair, filling hair and an oily scalp with dandruff, or the article on creating Miss Hill's complexion for pinheads and acne, and the like, send me a stamped envelope and the information will be mailed to you. Any other questions pertaining to beauty and hygiene will be gladly answered.

ESIE: RUBBING THE HEAD vigorously with a Turkish towel is an excellent way to tone up the circulation of the scalp. It also cleanses the hair and removes dandruff. Care must be exercised in doing this not to break the hair, however. I shall be glad to send you my treatment for dry, thin, falling hair if you will send me a stamped, addressed envelope.

VIVI Q.: YOUR LETTER DID NOT show me in my inability. A girl 5 feet 3 inches tall weighs 120 pounds. What can practice the side body bending exercise for reducing your bust. Stand erect with knees stiffened and arms raised high over your head. By bending the body at the waist only try to touch tips of your fingers to the floor on the opposite side to the hand you use. Alternate with the other hand. Begin with five times each and increase to fifty or seventy-five. If you will send me a stamped, addressed envelope I shall be glad to send you an exercise for reducing the calves of the legs.

The birds most valuable to agriculture and for the protection of city shade trees are the starling and sparrow. Both birds are ravagers and destroyers of army cutworms, which no other bird can do, and as a consumer of thistles and weeds seeds have no equal. The starling is a great pest. The sparrow is introduced to check the spring and fall caterpillar (geometrid caterpillars) which were devastating the Brooklyn, N. Y., orchards. It effected that and has since then all subduing the worms not only of those larvae but also of many others. So rare are the caterpillar worms now that it is difficult for a collector to obtain a specimen for his cabinet.

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The birds most valuable to agriculture and for the protection of city shade trees are the starling and sparrow. Both birds are ravagers and destroyers of army cutworms

Society and Entertainments

St. Valentine Bal! Brilliant Ending of Pre-Lenten Season

Workers of World with hand in doors or out under all conditions. Climes, will find in Wheat the food gives all the materializing healthy tissue brain—a food that is every organ of and keeps the body and active—the universal cereal food that on the breakfast thousands of Americans every day in the ready-cooked and eat. For breakfast or cream, or made at Niagara Y.

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EMEDY SYBIL
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D POWELL

HALL—Sat. Aft. Feb. 24
(Chorus Program) by GSP

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Nite and Sat. Mat. 8c
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104. 20c. 50c.
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SHOW EVERY MONDAY.

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A Holland
"A Romance"
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Nhy's Second Husband
born Child Truth About
Every Day—Heads Only

AL MUSIC HALL

EVE. AT 8:30
NINN & CO. Present
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MISS QUEENIE QUEENEN
(Late of Winter Garden, New York)

HOSTESS

60-cent Business Men's Luncheons
and Table d'Hote Dinners

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NOT FOUND IN WEBSTER:
"Zat So."

PLAYER STRIKE OFF AS FULTZ ASKS QUARTER

**Releases Men from Pledge
if Magnates Do Not
Discriminate.**

New York, Feb. 14.—There will be no strike of baseball players this year. This ending of a long controversy was assured when President David L. Fultz of the Baseball Players' fraternity issued the following statement:

Owing to the unfair position in which the major league owners have been placed in the present baseball controversy by the magnates and public, the fraternity has submitted to the owners the following proposal:

To release all players from their pledges not to sign contracts upon the understanding that the owners will not discriminate against fraternity players nor discipline them for their loyalty to the fraternity in observing their pledges.

McGraw Talks to Fultz.

Early in the day Manager McGraw of the New York Giants and President Fultz held a conference at the Hotel Savoy and exchanged views on the fact that if he was released the members of the fraternity would not be discriminated against financially or otherwise by the major league clubs unless he would release the men from their pledges.

McGraw immediately went to see President Tener of the National League, and after the situation had been explained to him Mr. Tener said: "I give you my word of honor as president of the National League that the National League will not discriminate, in any way, shape, or manner, against any ball player because of his connection with the fraternity."

No Promise from Ban.

When President Johnson of the American league arrived later in the day to attend the annual schedule meeting of his league tomorrow, he was informed of the action taken by Fultz and McGraw.

He replied to Fultz, however, to whether he would give similar assurance he said:

"So far as the fraternity is concerned we give no assurance. All our players look alike to us. About 85 per cent of them have signed 1917 contracts. If the men come along to their training quarters well and good. That is all the assurance that the American league will give."

Chairman Herrmann of the national commission said there was a clause in all major league contracts for 1917, which protects the players from discrimination on account of membership in the fraternity, and both major league presidents also called attention to this fact.

Commission Meets Today.

The national commission was to have held a session here, but it did not meet until yesterday afternoon. The national league's schedule meeting also will be held tomorrow, but it was announced that there would be no session of the joint rules committee. The pennant race of 1917, therefore, will be decided under the rules which governed the struggle last season.

The National League board of directors will meet today to elect its members, the president of each team becoming a director. No player can be released between Aug. 20 and the close of the championship season except through the regular formality of the waiver rule.

The National league named the following umpires for next season: Henry O'Day, William C. Charles, Rulier, Fred Morris, William Byron, Ernest Quigley, Al Orth, Peter Harrison, and William Braniff.

Zeb Terry of White Sox
Weds at Los Angeles

Los Angeles, Cal., Feb. 14.—[Special]—At St. Paul's cathedral tonight, Zeb Terry, the newest member of the White Sox, was married to Miss Lucille Jones, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Jones. An automobile honeymoon tour of southern California will follow, after which the couple will go to Chicago, where the bridegroom will join his team. The bride finished her education at Sweetwater. Zeb Terry was graduated from Stanford in 1914.

Des Moines Releases
Eddie Hahn, Former Sox

Des Moines, Ia., Feb. 14.—Eddie Hahn, veteran outfielder, has been given his unconditional release by Owner Tom Fairweather. Hahn had been with Des Moines since 1912. He was a member of the Chicago White Sox team which won the world's championship in 1906.

Ben Reuben and Yobel
Wrestle to a Draw

After two hours and forty-five minutes of even, aggressive wrestling Ben Reuben of Chicago and Mike Yobel of Wilcox, Utah, rival claimants for middleweight championship, ended their bout with each having just as good claims as before. Referee Ed Smith at the end of 2:15:00 gave them another half hour to fall for a fall before calling off hostilities. They weighed in at 3 o'clock. Reuben making 154 pounds, while Yobel scaled 158½. Emil Kastell threw Thomas in a preliminary heavyweight bout in 10:38.

Ritchie at Springfield
to Boom Boxing Measure

Springfield, Ill., Feb. 14.—Ex-lightweight Champion Willie Ritchie came to Springfield today to boost boxing legislation. Ritchie was brought down by Senator Hicks of Chicago, who put in the day interviewing state officers and members of the legislature to ascertain what the prospects are for putting a bill through. Hicks announced that he has a bill which will be introduced in the house next week.



LES DARCY SIGNS TO BOX GIBBONS; \$50,000 PURSE

In the Wake of the News
By RING W. LARDNER

MY OFFICE IN THE LOOP.
I have an office in the loop,
There are no pictures on the walls,
And I receive no foolish calls,
In my office in the loop.

I have an office in the loop,
And in this office I'm alone,
There isn't any telephone
In my office in the loop.

"Tribune" Decisions

Decisions of "Tribune" fight representatives are:

At New Orleans—Kid Gomez beat Kid Chip (18); Young Kelly knocked out Young Jack Britton (2).

At Hamlin Park—Bishop knocked out Young White (18); Kid Hogan beat George McClelland (8).

At Kansas City, Mo.—Charlie Metrie won from Otto Wallace (18); Benny McNeill won on foul from Louisiana (18).

New York, Feb. 14.—Les Darcy, Australian middleweight champion, signed articles tonight to fight Mike Gibbons in Milwaukee April 10 for a purse of \$50,000. The money will be divided equally.

The articles were signed by E. T. O'Sullivan for Darcy and by Edward Kandy Gibbons' manager. The articles provide that the men shall fight at 160 pounds.

Tom O'Rourke and a boxing commission agent, who was the author of articles, was present in ring, but Darcy was not. The ten round bout will be staged by Frank Mulkerin. In addition to the purse the boxers will divide equally two-thirds of the moving picture rights.

One of the stipulations in the agreement is that Darcy is knocked out in the first weight-championship bout and goes to Joe Terry in their home city March 5, the match with Gibbons shall be declared off. Sullivan announced that Darcy will train for two weeks in Chicago before meeting Gibbons.

FULTON GETS BID
FOR MORRIS BOUT

For a few minutes yesterday he had in his midst Fred Fulton of Rochester, Minn., who looks pretty certain to be the next heavyweight champion and successor to Jess Willard. The Rochester giant passed J. P. Tally to St. Paul, but he wasn't here long enough to go into details about how he expects to dethrone Jess Willard. But what little conversation he did spill indicated that he firmly believes that he soon will be the titleholder. Fulton was accompanied by Manager Frank Force.

Carl Morris, the Oklahoma heavyweight who is now under the management of Nate Lewis, may be the next opponent of Fulton in a bout at Milwaukee. Frank Mulkerin is negotiating for this bout, according to word from Lewis. It is said that Fulton wants a guarantee of \$10,000, but the promoters think he will be able to drive Fulton into line.

Joe Bishop Wins by Koyal
at Hammond Fight Show

Bishop of Chicago scored a knockout in his windup bout with Young White. The bout ended in a draw. The finish came in the third round and so completely was White done that it took ten minutes to revive him. A walkout to the solar plexus did the business. As a result of his victory Bishop was matched to box Ted Oster at Hammond Feb. 22. In a preliminary bout with Kid Hogan, the strenuous Chicago kid, outpointed George McClelland in eight rounds, scoring four knockdowns. About 500 fans saw the bouts.

Chicago Bowling Team
High in St. Paul Event

St. Paul, Minn., Feb. 14.—[Special]—New leaders in the five man, two man, and singles events featured today's roll-call in the St. Paul tournament. The Bowlers' Journal team of Chicago did what every team can expect, and their 2,730 count gives them a commanding lead in the premier event.

POLISH-AM. 5; DVORAKS, 1.
DE POLISH-AMERICAN, A. C. representing Eckhart park, the western division, won the fifth straight for the Polies.

MONDAY AFTERNOON.
Game No. 1, 2 p. m.—Hamlin Triangles vs. Perez, K. of C. league.

Game No. 2, 2 p. m.—Central Independents vs. West Side Browns.

Game No. 3, 4 p. m.—Mythic A. C. vs. Seward Park Blues.

MONDAY EVENING.

Game No. 4, 6 p. m.—Chicago Hebrew Institute vs. Lincoln Methodist Episcopals.

Game No. 5, 7 p. m.—Englewood Cardinals vs. West Side Y. M. C. A. Tigers; S. Wilson vs. West Side Seneca; 23; Oak Brook Gray, 15.

Game No. 6, 8 p. m.—Winner of game No. 2 vs. Winner of game No. 8.

Game No. 7, 9 p. m.—Winner of game No. 1 vs. Seward Park Blues.

MONDAY EVENING.

Game No. 8—Winner of game No. 4 vs. winner of game No. 6.

Game No. 9—Winner of game No. 6 vs. winner of game No. 7.

WEDNESDAY EVENING.

Game No. 10—Winner of game No. 3 vs. winner of game No. 9.

Game No. 11—Winner of game No. 7 vs. winner of game No. 10.

MONDAY EVENING.

Game No. 12—Winner of game No. 5 vs. winner of game No. 11.

MONDAY EVENING.

Game No. 13—Winner of game No. 6 vs. winner of game No. 12.

MONDAY EVENING.

Game No. 14—Winner of game No. 7 vs. winner of game No. 13.

MONDAY EVENING.

Game No. 15—Winner of game No. 8 vs. winner of game No. 14.

MONDAY EVENING.

Game No. 16—Winner of game No. 9 vs. winner of game No. 15.

MONDAY EVENING.

Game No. 17—Winner of game No. 10 vs. winner of game No. 16.

MONDAY EVENING.

Game No. 18—Winner of game No. 11 vs. winner of game No. 17.

MONDAY EVENING.

Game No. 19—Winner of game No. 12 vs. winner of game No. 18.

MONDAY EVENING.

Game No. 20—Winner of game No. 13 vs. winner of game No. 19.

MONDAY EVENING.

Game No. 21—Winner of game No. 14 vs. winner of game No. 20.

MONDAY EVENING.

Game No. 22—Winner of game No. 15 vs. winner of game No. 21.

MONDAY EVENING.

Game No. 23—Winner of game No. 16 vs. winner of game No. 22.

MONDAY EVENING.

Game No. 24—Winner of game No. 17 vs. winner of game No. 23.

MONDAY EVENING.

Game No. 25—Winner of game No. 18 vs. winner of game No. 24.

MONDAY EVENING.

Game No. 26—Winner of game No. 19 vs. winner of game No. 25.

MONDAY EVENING.

Game No. 27—Winner of game No. 20 vs. winner of game No. 26.

MONDAY EVENING.

Game No. 28—Winner of game No. 21 vs. winner of game No. 27.

MONDAY EVENING.

Game No. 29—Winner of game No. 22 vs. winner of game No. 28.

MONDAY EVENING.

Game No. 30—Winner of game No. 23 vs. winner of game No. 29.

MONDAY EVENING.

Game No. 31—Winner of game No. 24 vs. winner of game No. 30.

MONDAY EVENING.

Game No. 32—Winner of game No. 25 vs. winner of game No. 31.

MONDAY EVENING.

Game No. 33—Winner of game No. 26 vs. winner of game No. 32.

MONDAY EVENING.

Game No. 34—Winner of game No. 27 vs. winner of game No. 33.

MONDAY EVENING.

Game No. 35—Winner of game No. 28 vs. winner of game No. 34.

MONDAY EVENING.

Game No. 36—Winner of game No. 29 vs. winner of game No. 35.

MONDAY EVENING.

Game No. 37—Winner of game No. 30 vs. winner of game No. 36.

MONDAY EVENING.

Game No. 38—Winner of game No. 31 vs. winner of game No. 37.

MONDAY EVENING.

Game No. 39—Winner of game No. 32 vs. winner of game No. 38.

MONDAY EVENING.

Game No. 40—Winner of game No. 33 vs. winner of game No. 39.

MONDAY EVENING.

Game No. 41—Winner of game No. 34 vs. winner of game No. 40.

MONDAY EVENING.

Game No. 42—Winner of game No. 35 vs. winner of game No. 41.

MONDAY EVENING.

Game No. 43—Winner of game No. 36 vs. winner of game No. 42.

MONDAY EVENING.

Game No.

ONE US DIRT:
snowballs.

CAN TEAM
BANA MEET
P TO PEACE?

Feb. 14.—[Special.]—that the University would enter a squad of men in the western relay can. University of Illinois regarded as not only honest in the meet, but also a move in the relations conference and the Western.

Nine teams have come to the Wolverines at Penn there was a race with whether the conference competition against Michigan to an open meet held at a conference unit managers saw no logical reason the competition, but as a result submitted the matter, with the resultant decision to enter the local than the eastern indoor in the same day is regarding the desire of the Wolverine competition in the

defeats Capron
see CUSHIONS, 50-46

of Rochester, N. Y., dropped to 46, in their home match. Bensinger's, seventy-seven winning, high run of 6, Carlson getting tenthinning:

14 24 20 41 44 44

26 35 47 49 50

BILLIARD ROOMS.

Tracy will play Thomas at Mussey's was postponed, and Thomas will play Lauber

of Mussey's won an uphill

at 14 24 20 41 44 44

26 35 47 49 50

CUSHION LEAGUE.

Feb. 14.—[Special.]—Frank Delphias received Martin \$4 in 75 minutes. Each play-

bill Jr. Weighs 8½ Lbs.

35-41 all right

all player weighed in at eight

pounds on his arrival at the

229 Wabash street, Evanston, Ill. Sr. is baseball coach of

university.

ESTINS

VICHY

and bottled under the direct
of the French Government

ral Alkaline
Water

at meals
nts Dys-
and re-
Gout, In-
tion and
Acid.
ur Physician
the Name.

STINS

beverage
onic

the elements that com-
make the perfect brew
satisfaction, whole-
purity—unit to the
age in

PASS
ong Burton
Ale

caught Everywhere

as & Co., Importers,
West Grand Ave., Chicago

ON 2½ in. LENOX 2½ in.
wo heights in the new

Ide
COLLAR
15c each. Makers, TROY, N.Y.
Makers of Ide Shirts

Skin Irritation

one safe, dependable treat-
relieves itching torture and
tion almost instantly and
soothes the skin.

druggist for 25¢ or \$1 hole
to apply it as directed.
will find irritations, pimples,
eczema, blisters, ringworm,
skin troubles disappear.

remo, the penetrating
is all that is needed, for it
will skin eruptions and make
soft, smooth and healthy.

W. Bass Co., Cleveland, O.

WHEAT FUTURES AT LOWER LEVEL; NARROW MARKET

Transportation Problems
Main Factor in Trade
Corn Declines.

BAROMETER OF WHEAT PRICES FOR CHICAGO

| May closed: | Open. | High. | Low. | Close. | Prev. |
|-------------------------------|---------|---------|--------|--------|---------|
| Wednesday, Feb. 14..... | \$1.71% | \$1.71% | \$1.62 | \$1.62 | \$1.71% |
| Tuesday, Feb. 13..... | \$1.74 | \$1.73 | \$1.62 | \$1.62 | \$1.73 |
| Net loss for the day..... | -.02% | | | | |
| Wednesday, Feb. 12, 1916..... | \$1.80% | | | | |

PRICES AT OUTSIDE MARKETS.

ST. LOUIS.

May wheat 1.72% 1.73% 1.71 1.72% 1.74%

July wheat 1.68% 1.69% 1.67 1.68% 1.67

Sept. wheat 1.65% 1.66% 1.64 1.65% 1.64

July corn 99¢ 98¢ 97¢ 98¢ 98¢

July oats 97¢ 97¢ 96¢ 97¢ 97¢

MINNEAPOLIS.

May wheat 1.75% 1.75% 1.73 1.74% 1.76%

July wheat 1.71% 1.71% 1.69% 1.70% 1.72%

Sept. wheat 1.64% 1.64% 1.62 1.64% 1.64

May corn 99¢ 98¢ 97¢ 98¢ 98¢

July corn 97¢ 97¢ 96¢ 97¢ 97¢

WINNIPEG.

May wheat 1.72% 1.72% 1.69% 1.71 1.72%

July wheat 1.67% 1.67% 1.64 1.67% 1.67

Sept. wheat 1.62% 1.62% 1.60 1.62% 1.62

May oats 58¢ 58¢ 57¢ 58¢ 58¢

JULY CASH TRANSACTIONS.

TOLEDO.

Cash wheat 1.82 1.78% 1.81% 1.81% 1.82%

May wheat 1.82 1.82% 1.82% 1.82% 1.82%

July wheat 1.76% 1.76% 1.74% 1.76% 1.76%

Sept. wheat 1.71% 1.71% 1.70% 1.71% 1.73

WINNIPEG.

May wheat 1.72% 1.72% 1.69% 1.71 1.72%

July wheat 1.67% 1.67% 1.64 1.67% 1.67

Sept. wheat 1.62% 1.62% 1.60 1.62% 1.62

May oats 58¢ 58¢ 57¢ 58¢ 58¢

BALTIMORE.

Feb. wheat 1.87% 1.88% 1.87% 1.88% 1.88%

Feb. corn 1.12% 1.12% 1.12% 1.12% 1.12%

GRAIN INSPECTION.

Stand No. 1000. Lower. Wheat
std. betw. Nos. 2 and 3. Corn
std. betw. Nos. 2 and 3. Oats
std. betw. Nos. 2 and 3.

Winter wheat 19 8 3 3 3

Spring wheat 1 2 7 10

Western wheat 8 4 1 1 1

Mixed wheat 1 2 1 1 1

Barley 1 2 1 1 1

Dry grain 1 2 1 1 1

Corn 70 2 127 8 207

Oats 4 8 12

Rye 9 15 21 45

Total 70 62 241 246 76

Loaded from unlicensed elevators:

Wheat—No. 2 red, 6 cars; No. 2 hard, 9

cars; No. 2 northern, 5 cars; No. 3 yellow, 3 cars; No. 3 green, 3 cars; No. 3 white, 3 cars; No. 3 mixed, 20 cars

Oats—No. 2 white, 8 cars; standard, 30 cars; No. 3 white, 10 cars; purified, 4 cars; clipped, 52 cars. Rye—No. 3 mixed, 20 cars.

HOG PRODUCTS.

Cash lots: HOG PRODUCE—Quiet. Brown, 94¢@

HOOF PRODUCTS—Quiet. Beef hams, 94¢@

HOOF PRODUCTS—Quiet. Beef hams,

AMERICAN BANKS IN GOOD SHAPE IF WAR COMES

Status Similar to English
Houses—Have Passed
Through "Sweat."

While the banking interests of the country may appear sufficiently optimistic in connection with the prospect of war with Germany, still their position is not without a parallel in the experience of English banks since the beginning of the war in August, 1914.

With the outbreak of hostilities the banks of all the important countries had the same experience, that of inability to pay in the usual form, followed by moratoria, closed stock exchanges and minimum prices of securities. The banks of the United States and creditors did not have the experience of a moratorium, but they did have a closed stock exchange and minimum prices. To that extent the banks of the United States have been through the "sweat" that English institutions have passed through.

But British banks have had to help to stand under stress war loans, and in a way have been behind the credit of the allied warring powers, and they have come through with larger deposits than they began with and larger earnings except that profits could not be credited to surplus because of shrinkage in the value of securities.

Analysis by London Statist.

The matter of the banking position has led to a number of articles giving the matter full consideration, and it has this to say of the effect of the war:

"The strength and stability of the British banking system has had to stand the severest possible ordeal since July, 1914, and it is universally agreed that it has emerged from the trial with enhanced strength. The figures of 1916 show that our banks are indeed stronger than they have ever been, and demonstrate the increase in confidence of the British public in their banks."

"One of the most striking features, as evidenced in the accounts of the banks whose year ended on Dec. 31, 1916, is the marked increase that has occurred in deposits, thus showing that the public has carried out to its fullest extent the injunction not to hold its money, but to place it with the banks, where it has been used not only for the benefit of the institutions themselves but also for the nation at large."

Increase in Deposits Shown.

"In a list of twenty-eight banking and cognate institutions the deposits have risen from about \$4,750,000,000 at the end of 1914 to about \$5,750,000,000 at the end of 1916. Before the outbreak of the war the total deposits of the joint stock and private banks of the country were about \$5,500,000,000, and it will thus be seen that the aggregate of twenty-eight institutions at the present time is greater than the total deposits held by all the banks before the outbreak of this war. Twelve months ago only three of the banks were able to record deposits exceeding \$500,000,000. At the present time the number has increased to five, being as follows:

| | |
|-------------------------|---------------|
| London City and Midland | \$875,000,000 |
| Lloyd's | 760,000,000 |
| Barclay & Co. | 640,000,000 |
| National Provincial | 605,000,000 |

"Naturally the possession of these increased resources, coupled with the general activity of trade which has enabled the banks to secure large profits, and there is no doubt that the gross profits made very largely exceeded those of any year previously. In the twenty-eight institutions shown the net profits have risen from \$49,500,000 in 1915 to about \$25,500,000 in 1916."

Make Good Draft on Reserves.

The Keystones Telephone Company reported for January as follows:

| | |
|----------------|---------------------------|
| 1917 | 1916 |
| Gross earnings | \$12,731,331 \$11,710,109 |
| Net earnings | 7,771,673 6,710,710 |
| Surplus | 31,000 61,215 |

Chicago Telephone.

"There is little doubt that the banks as a whole have taken advantage of the increased profits secured to make good to some extent drafts that have been necessary on their hidden reserves for the payment of dividends during recent years. Consequently it is most probable that the actual net profits secured are largely in excess of the figures shown, and had it not been for the necessity to provide further large sums for the purpose of writing down securities to prevent it would have been possible for the banks to have increased their dividends."

In the period named British banking interests have exported over \$1,000,000,000 gold to this country. The banks of the United States have therefore had piled upon them the basis of credit, which English banks have been forced to part with. The banking position of this country is therefore much improved, and the possibility of the possible beginning of a state of war than were the banks of Great Britain."

Bethlehem Votes Capital Increase.

The proposition to increase the capital stock of the Bethlehem Steel corporation from \$30,000,000 to \$75,000,000 was approved at a special meeting of stockholders at Newark, N. J., yesterday over the opposition of several objecting stockholders.

The assenting vote of 128,820 shares of preferred stock was 97 per cent. Of 12,228 shares of common 125 dissenters, Charles M. Schwab, chairman, said in defending the plan that the corporation's business needed more capital. He declared he could have sold Bethlehem Steel for "vast amounts of money," but refused, as he has promised British purchasers that the control of the company would not pass from his hands.

To Increase Capital Stock.

Directors of the Laclede Air Products company voted to increase the common stock from \$8,000,000 to \$16,000,000 by the addition of 70,000 shares of common stock.

The directors voted to give shareholders of record on March 5 the right to subscribe at par to new stock to the extent of 8 per cent of their holdings, or \$1,280,000. This is the second equal instalment, one on March 15 and another on June 15. The directors also declared the regular quarterly dividend of 2 per cent on the preferred stock, payable March 31.

Chicago Securities.

Chicago stocks were irregular. Stewart-Warner common and Swift & Co. sold off. Union Carbide, on the other hand, was up three points from the opening. Prestolite was up one point and Conduit, which is a preferred, was particularly higher. Trading was not especially large in any issue.

Dry Goods.

New York, Feb. 14.—Cotton goods were steady today with a slight rise for various reported. Buying for nearby requirements is growing broader. Knit goods were firm.

NEWS OF THE FINANCIAL WORLD

The feeling obtains in influential quarters in Wall street that there is an unknown something hanging over the market. It is felt that Washington may afford at any time a crisis in the relations between this country and Germany. Just what may be expected is not figured out. It would appear that nothing worse than a declaration of war may be announced. At the same time there are possibilities of other information of a disturbing character.

Cost of reproduction new of the Elgin, Joliet and Eastern railway and its two sister roads owned by the United States Steel corporation was set at \$36,615,605 by the physical valuation bureau of the interstate commerce commission. The cost of reproduction less depreciation was placed at \$27,890,985. The road has stocks and bonds of \$200,000 outstanding.

Application has been made to the New York stock exchange to list \$500,000 additional preferred stock of the Tobacco Products corporation.

The offer of the Pennsylvania to exchange 5 per cent debentures for the minority stock was officially announced yesterday.

The Nipissing Mining company's December production is estimated at \$282,608, showing a profit of \$195,989.

U. S. TREASURY STATEMENT

Washington, D. C., Feb. 14.—The following is a statement of the condition of the United States treasury on Feb. 13:

Income to date this year \$478,726,000 Income to date last year 427,815,110

Outgo over income this year \$48,726,000 Outgo over income last year 50,618,027

Increase 111,798,667

Balance general fund 78,030,621

Balance previous day 79,352,028

Decrease \$ 1,221,000

CHICAGO STOCK EXCHANGE

Washington, D. C., Feb. 14.—The following is a statement of the condition of the United States treasury on Feb. 13:

Income to date this year \$478,726,000

Outgo over income this year 427,815,110

Increase \$ 48,726,000

Balance general fund 78,030,621

Balance previous day 79,352,028

Decrease \$ 1,221,000

merical paper, and 40½ per cent over the counter. New York exchange, 15c discount. Chicago bank clearings, \$98,328,245.

Union Oil's Year.

The Union Oil Company of California for the year ended Dec. 31, 1916, showed a profit equal to 28½ per cent on the issued capital stock, as compared with 14½ per cent in 1915.

Production of the company and tonnage controls of 1916 were 100,000 net barrels an acre, or 1,375,880 net barrels per 26 per cent. The company controls 22 per cent of the 90,000 net barrels of marketable oil produced in California.

The sales for the year amounted to \$27,45,000, an increase of \$8,496,866, or 44 per cent, over the year 1915. Following is the income account:

1916 \$ 1915.

Profits from oper. \$11,206,263

General expense 808,682

Taxes 305,776

Employes of profits 168,156

Capital 923,057

Balance 10,200,860

Depreciation 8,675,027

Net profits 7,224,564

Gulf States Steel.

Gulf States Steel declared a dividend of 7 per cent on the first preferred, payable in four quarterly installments of 1½ per cent each, April 2, July 2, Oct. 1 and Jan. 1, 1918. A dividend of 6 per cent was declared on the second preferred stock, payable in quarterly installments of 1½ per cent each on the same dates. A quarterly dividend of 2½ per cent on the common stock was also declared, payable April 2 to stock of record March 15.

Youngtown Sheet and Tube.

Youngtown Sheet and Tube company declared the regular quarterly dividend of 1½ per cent on the preferred, payable April 1 to stock of record March 20. The regular quarterly dividend of 1½ per cent and an extra quarterly dividend of 3½ per cent were declared on the common stock, payable April 1 to stock of record March 20.

Net earnings for 1916 were \$16,741,502.

The total surplus was \$22,000,000.

Keystone Telephone.

The Keystone Telephone company reported for January as follows:

1917 1916.

Gross earnings \$12,731,331 \$11,710,109

Net earnings 7,771,673 6,710,710

Surplus 31,000 61,215

Chicago Telephone.

At the annual stockholders' meeting of the Chicago Telephone company the following directors were elected: Alonzo Burt, D. Mark Cummings, Angus S. Hibbard, Marvin Hughton, Chauncey Keen, Robert T. Lincoln, W. H. Miner, E. W. Mitchell, and B. E. Smith.

By a unanimous vote the stockholders authorized an increase of the capital stock from \$30,000,000 to \$40,000,000.

Personal Mention.

John J. Mitchell, president of the Illinois Trust and Savings bank, will leave for California on his annual vacation today. George M. Reynolds, president of the Continental and Commercial National, expects to depart for California next Saturday.

Railroad Earnings.

Chicago Great Western—First week February decreased \$5,478; from Jan. 1 increased \$1,068,000; from Jan. 1, 1916, \$2,000. Rio Grande—First week February increased \$11,768; from Jan. 1 increased \$2,600.

Colorado and Southern—First week February increased \$1,076; from Jan. 1 increased \$2,600.

Wabash and Western—First week February increased \$1,076; from Jan. 1 increased \$2,600.

Illinois Central—First week February increased \$1,076; from Jan. 1 increased \$2,600.

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Illinois and Michigan—First week February increased \$1,076; from Jan. 1 increased \$2,600.

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Illinois and Michigan—First week February increased \$1,07

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

Professions and Trades.

LICENSED ARCHITECT.

Open for salaried position with manufacturing or advertising firm; have the prerequisite experience and desire to make satisfactory reference. Address E 55 Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—ASST. FOUNDRY
former 14 yrs. exp.; foundryman; machine master; was also foreman and instructor last 10 years in engineering school, now in Detroit-Lithuanian. P. MASON, III W. 20th-st.

MECHANICAL ENGINEER.

10 years' experience in the handling of parts, tools, layout and design of all industrial installations; technical graduate; age 40. Address S 265 Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—CLASS DRAPERY

man is open for position; can make and hang anything in drapery line; and is good at the art of taking, fitting and re-making; upholsterer. Address F 577 Tribune.

Clubs and Hotels.

SITUATION WTD—CLUB, CITY OR COUNTRY manager of experience who can be most efficient in running club; good service with a minimum of cost in all departments; good record in business profit in table account; desire connection with club in or near Chicago; several years in position; and letter from club now to be considered. Address A 102 Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—CLUB, FIRST CLASS DRAPERY man is open for position; can make and hang anything in drapery line; and is good at the art of taking, fitting and re-making; upholsterer. Address F 577 Tribune.

FARM

SITUATION WTD—FARM SUPERINTENDENT or owner; life experience in raising general farm products; good record in business; not afraid of work; highest refs. Address E 55 Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—WORKING FARM MAN

or full charge of farm; life experience in machinery and tractors; married children; good record; good references. CHAS. EDEBERG, 23 V. 384-16, Chicago.

SITUATION WTD—EXP. ASST. STENO. BEETLE executive ability; initiative; take charge office; now emp.; \$25. Address N 204 Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—FIRST CLASS COFFEE

house; best coffee; best price; class restaurants; best ref. Ph. Number 5762.

HOTEL

SITUATION WTD—GARDEN HELP; FARMERS

and wife; good position in private family; Joseph Novotny, 251 N. Clark-st.

SITUATION WTD—EXTRA FIELD FARM

hand; good position in private family; House Servants.

SITUATION WTD—REFINED YNG. JAPANESE

asian cook for select family; experienced in all house work; good cook; highest refs. Address P 224 Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—COMPETENT JAPANESE

woman; good cook; reliable; good references. Address P 224 Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—COMPETENT JAPANESE

woman; good cook; reliable; good references. Address P 224 Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—COMPETENT JAPANESE

woman; good cook; reliable; good references. Address P 224 Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—GOOD JAP. COOK

morning and eve. Address O 236 Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—SWEDISH BUTLER

butler; good position; good references. Address P 62 Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—HOUSEMAN, SINGLE

Swedish; ref. Address P 678 Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—KITCHEN COOK

and maid; ref. K. Phone Oakland 6071.

SITUATION WTD—MAN AND WIFE; BUTLER

butler; cook; man good all around; wife good cook; reliable; good references. Address S 224 Tribune.

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wife; man eatable; table; good; etc.; wife good cook; gen. housework. Late 1899.

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butler; good position; good references. Address P 62 Tribune.

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exp.; good refs. Address P 678 Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—BUTLER; HOUSEMAN;

cooks; chambermaids; chambermaids; chambermaids; chambermaids; chambermaids.

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mechanic; Catholic; Amer.; 22; desire driving; good; good refs. Address P 678 Tribune.

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driving; good; good refs. Address P 678 Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—CHAUFFEUR; SWISS

good mechanic; Al man; 25 years; good; good refs. Address P 678 Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—CARETAKER; BY RE-

lent driver; reliable; best refs. Address S 844 Tribune.

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exp.; mod. ref. Address P 678 Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—COURIER; TOURING

good; good refs. Address P 678 Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—MARRIED COLORO-

RED; good mechanic; Al man; 25 years; good refs. Address P 678 Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—MARRIED COUPLE

K. Phone 353-6355; good refs. Address P 678 Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—NURSE; COMPETENT

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SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

Bookkeepers and Clerks.

SITUATION WTD—BOOKKEEPER; STE-

PHOTOGRAPHER and general office work; reliable; refs. Experience; Beverly 2126.

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SITUATION WTD—EXP. BOOKKEEPER

for salaried position with manufacturer or advertising firm; have the prerequisite experience and desire to make satisfactory reference. Address E 55 Tribune.

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former 14 yrs.; good; good refs.

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good; good refs.

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CO.

SITUATION WTD—GENERAL OFFICE

work part time; mornings free; gen.

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bills, detail work; executive; loop.

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desire work evenings and Saturday.

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executive ability; initiative; take charge office; now emp.; \$25. Address N 204 Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—GENERAL OFFICE

work part time; evenings free; gen.

SITUATION WTD—CORRESPONDENT

and general office work; good record.

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executive ability; initiative; take

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having most active
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and salesmen. Our
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Well, you can, and right
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men over \$100. We have
men who have done
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Should not be less than 5 feet
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In reply state age and last
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PREFERRED POSITIONS AND GOOD PAY
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HIGH GRADE WOMEN
WE HAVE IMMEDIATE OPENINGS
FOR SECRETARIES, BOOKKEEPERS,
Typists, Girls, Office Girls,
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Oliver Typewriter Co., 167 N. Dearborn-st.
STENOGRAPHER—PERMANENT—\$16 TO
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TYPISTS—NOW HAVING SIDE BUSINESS—
Typewriter, living North, \$12.50 per week.

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COMPUTER ADDING MACH. SCHOOL
DAY AND EVENING CLASSES.

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CALCULATOR—COMPUTER ADDING INDIVI-
DUALLY, day, eve, 25c. 30c. 50c. 75c.
LADY COMPUTERS—PERMANENT—\$15 TO
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DRESSMAKING & MILLINERY SCHOOLS.

VALENTINE COLLEGES—DRESSMAKING,
Millinery, Tailoring, Couture, etc. Positions
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Madison-st. Tuition, \$100. Room, \$10 per
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PURSE—LOST—BUNGS OF KIDS' PHOTO-

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LOSES 100¢. 50¢. 25¢. 12.50. 7.50.

PURSE—LOST—SEAL ENVELOPE PURSE,

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WANTED—LARGE LOANS for real estate located in Chicago or other large western or Chicago property. Also funds for industrial development of well located property. Contact Office CHURCH and Factory loans desired.

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SECOND AND THIRD Real Estate Loans made on Chicago property in 24 hours at 5 and 6 per cent. O. G. STYLES, 18 S. Dearborn-st., Room 808, Phone Central 5481.

C. L. MURRAY has \$5 and 5% money to loan you cash on improved or vacant property. We loan money to build. W. W. WILSON, 18 S. Dearborn-st., Room 201, established 1894.

MONEY TO LOAN on Chicago real estate. Hibernian Bank, 208 S. LaSalle-st.

BOOTH SIDE REAL ESTATE FIRST MORTGAGE LOANS MADE QUITE EASY. HYDE PARK BANK & TRUST CO., 1800 N. Lake Park-av., Phone Hyde Park 440.

LOANS ON CHICAGO REAL ESTATE, OGDEN & STODDARD & CO., 189 N. Clark-st.

MONEY TO LOAN on improved Chicago real estate in sums of \$10,000 up to lowest rates. Real Estate Department, First National Bank, 18 S. Dearborn-st.

LEON KLEIN & COMPANY, CHICAGO'S largest Second Mortgage Bankers, 100 Dearborn-st., 18 S. Dearborn-st. You might be satisfied elsewhere; we have the money you will borrow on Chicago real estate.

E. A. CLEMING CO., 189 N. Clark-st., 40 Dearborn-st.

LOANS ON IMPROVED vacant buildings loans a quick action. H. O. STONE & CO., Phone Randolph 2-1100, Monroe-st. EDWARD LANE MADE PURCHASE BY responsible private party. I want only good paper. Terms are lower than usual. 1811 S. Dearborn-st., Central 2721.

REAL ESTATE LOANS, 90 Years of Fair Dealing. 2 S. LaSalle-st., Central 8200.

FIRST MORTGAGE LOANS ON REASONABLE RATES. QUICK ACTION. JOHN P. MARSH & COMPANY, BANKERS, 36 W. Washington-st.

TEMPORARY LOANS OF \$50 TO \$1,000 made on your own notes to be repaid in small monthly installments. Bring your deed to us. 18 S. Dearborn-st., W. Jackson 1-1111.

MONEY TO LOAN on Building Purposes. W. M. HEINEMANN & CO., 18 S. Dearborn-st.

SECOND MORTGAGE LOANS MADE AND MONEY PAID OUT IN 24 HRS. Investigations our own. Terms are reasonable. Carson & Co., Bank Floor, 30 N. LaSalle-st.

HAVE PRIVATE FUND TO INVEST in second mortgages in amounts of \$1,000 to \$10,000. Call or wire. 18 S. Dearborn-st.

DRUG STORE WITH LIGHT GROCERY closed mortg. \$600 no stock. Clark 4-4820.

SECOND MORTGAGE LOANS HAVE A SPLENDID fund from \$5,000 to \$10,000 to loan you cash on improved property. C. BREMIN & O'CONNOR, 18 S. Clark-st.

2D MORTGAGE OR CONTRACT about \$4,000 secured by new 5 ft. 8 in. 18 S. Dearborn-st.

PERSONAL PROPERTY LOANS, 1st and 2d mortg. 100% cash.

MONEY TO LOAN, 1 PER CENT, NO OTHER charges or demands, watches, jewelry, first state pawners society.

2d Washington Branch Office, 18 S. Dearborn-st., near Monroe.

75 PER CENT on your debts for 12 months; proportionately on watches, jewelry, etc., legal rates; unsecured.

CHARLES MOE, S. W. Adams-st., near Dearborn.

LOANS ON WATCHES, DIAMONDS, AND OTHER PERSONAL PROPERTY by the local American Pawnbroker, S. W. Monroe.

FINANCIAL

WE BUY RECEIVABLES in trust and probate claims against est. loans. Private Investors, Inc., 422-424 Ashland Bldg., Wabash 4-1100. Also 18 S. Dearborn-st.

RENTANCES AND TRUST INTERESTS bought, loans, estates managed. Reliance Securities Co., 1430 Conway Bldg., 111 Wash.

BUILDING MATERIAL

WE FURNISH TO ARCHITECTS engineering services, sizes for remodeling, construction, Bartow, Sperry, Web System, Madigan Bldg.

7 MILES STREET RAILWAY STEEL 200 ft. lengths copper wire. Car, Byrne, 21 S. Monroe.

STOCKS AND BONDS.

WANTED TO HEAR FROM PRIVATE persons who have any kind of industrial or insurance stocks, bonds, Klemm, Klemm, LaSalle & Co., 18 S. Dearborn-st., Chicago.

JEWELRY, WATCHES, ETC.

ARE YOU SHOUT OF READY CASH? Are your diamonds? I'll pay high spot cash for it; no delay; all transactions in platinum. Now don't lose your time or money. It will pay you to call me. PAUL A. ROBERTSON, 8 S. Dearborn-st., near State Street, ground floor store.

DIAMONDS for higher prices. Wanted. For diamonds, pearls,

etc., than any other dealer; quick action.

JOHN C. STERCHER & CO., 82 W. Wash:

OLD GOLD, SILVER, PLATINUM, BROK EN JEWELRY, CLOTHING, FURNITURE, ETC. 18 S. Dearborn-st., 18 S. Clark-st.

PRICES UP TO 50% OVER old gold, silver, diamonds, etc., for pawn tickets, diamond and watches, 50c week.

LOOK FOR THE KEY to your securities. Old gold, silver, platinum, 50c week.

WANTED—1 CARAT DIAMOND for cash; must bring address. S. 272.

BEAUTIFUL DIAMONDS AT ROBINSON'S 8 S. Clark-st., 8th floor, 111 Madison-st.

LEGAL NOTICES.

STATE OF ILLINOIS, CO. OF COUNTY CLERK

COOK COUNTY, ILLINOIS.

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 34 of the Primary Election Act, I, Robert W. Johnson, Clerk of Cook County, do hereby give notice that the color of the ballot to be used for the primary ballot of the respective parties in the 1917 Primary election will be red. In the Thirteenth Senatorial District, in which I am a candidate, the color will be red. I, Robert W. Johnson, Clerk of Cook County, do hereby give notice that my hand and affixed the seal of the County of Cook, this 10th day of January, A. D. 1917.

ROBERT W. JOHNSON, Clerk of Cook County, County of Cook.

THESE VOTE for the stockholders of M. A. Mead & Co. a corporation, at their offices, Room 608, 31 Dearborn-st., Chicago, Illinois, for the purpose of increasing their capital stock from \$100,000 to \$150,000, on March 14th, 1917, for the purpose of increasing their assets from three to five and for election of two additional members to the Board of Directors.

LOUIS G. BROWN, Secretary.

CLOTHING, FURS, ETC.

END OF THE SEASON—SALES.

WANTED—The consumer's accumulation of uncalled for and odd garments sent to us for sale. Price 12 up to 50% overcost.

PRICES UP TO 50% OVER costs.

NICOLI'S Tailor, 18 S. Dearborn-st. and Adams.

WILL SHELL LADY'S HUDSON SEAL COATS and other garments, personal effects, etc., for pawn.

DEPARTMENT STORES—Wanted.

WANTED—PRINCE ALBERT, size 36, or 38, green, size 38.

SURFACE AND STEAM HEATING, USED HEATING PLANT, TANK, BOILER, Radiator, 800-850 Milwaukee-av.

REAL ESTATE LOANS.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

APARTMENT AND FLAT OWNERS—WE

offer an article that will help rent your

business Metal Specialists Co., 700 E. 47th

St.

ACTS PAYING BUSINESS—ESTABLISHED

8 YEARS. ALSO MODERN BLDG.

ONCE PHONE PROPECT 1414.

BAKERIES—FOR SALE—RETAIL ESTATE.

9 years; over \$500 weekly; complete equipment.

Call opportunity.

200 S. Halsted.

BAKERY—FOR SALE—MODERN, N. S.

weekly; \$600. Address A P 426, Tribune.

BARBERSHOP—FOR CHAIR, UP TO DATES.

2413 N. Clark-st.

BEAUTY PARLOR—ELEGANTLY

decorated.

18 S. Dearborn-st.

BEAUTY SHOP—FOR SALE LOCATED

18 S. Dearborn-st.

BEAUTY SHOP—FOR SALE—NICE BUSI-

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Address 18 S. Dearborn-st.

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